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# Absolute Line Intensities in Methyl Bromide: The 7- $\mu \mathrm{m}$ Region 

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#### Abstract

This work deals, for the first time, with the modeling of absolute line intensities in the fundamental $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ bands of $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$ at $7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$. For that, four unapodized absorption spectra of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ (natural abundance, $99 \%$ purity, $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{L}=$ $0.082-0.165 \mathrm{~atm} \times \mathrm{cm}$, room temperature) were measured in the range 1260-1560 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$, at a resolution of $0.002 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ using a Fourier transform spectrometer Bruker IFS 120 HR. For both isotopomers, 313 line intensities were analyzed within the dyad system required to account properly for the strong Coriolis coupling between $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$. The intensity fit of experimental data led to the determination of the dipole moment derivatives $d_{2}=\partial \mu / \partial q_{2}$ and $d_{5}=\partial \mu / \partial q_{5}$ relative to the $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ bands, as well as the first-order Herman-Wallis correction in $K$ to $d_{5}$. The observed line intensities are fitted to $3.0 \%$ (3.3\%) for $v_{2}$ at $1309.9 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ and $2.6 \%$ (3.0\%) for $v_{5}$ at $1442.9 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, respectively for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$. The values derived for the vibrational band strengths of $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ are $55.7(0.6)$ and $39.2(0.3) \mathrm{cm}^{-2}$. $\mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ at 296 K , respectively. The corresponding assignments and line positions of the dyad from previous work [F. Kwabia Tchana et al., J. Mol. Spectrosc., 228 441, (2004)] are combined with the present intensity study to provide an improved $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ database for atmospheric applications.


Key Words: Methyl bromide; infrared spectra; dyad; line intensities; dipole moment.

## INTRODUCTION

Methyl bromide $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}\right)$ is an atmospheric trace gas of interest because of its contribution to stratospheric ozone depletion. Methyl bromide has both natural and anthropogenic origins. Its known sources include natural production from oceans [1] and biomass burning [2]. Methyl bromide is also industrially produced for use as an agricultural fumigant. With a tropospheric mixing ratio of 9-11 pptv in the Northern Hemisphere (with an increase of about 0.15 pptv per year) and about 8 pptv in the Southern Hemisphere, it is believed to be the single largest contributor of stratospheric bromide [3]. However, until present, no attempts have been made to determine atmospheric concentrations of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ using infrared spectroscopy. For this, accurate modeling of the infrared spectrum of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$, including line intensities, is indispensable.

There have been various investigations in the past on the infrared and microwave spectra of methyl bromide. An extensive review of the spectroscopy of this molecule was given by Graner [4]. The most recent infrared work on this molecule including line intensities was published in 2002 by Brunetaud et al. [5]. In that work, highresolution spectra of the $v_{6}$ band of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ between 820 and $1120 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ were recorded and line positions and intensities were predicted for atmospheric remotesensing applications.

Although the line positions in the $7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ region (containing the two interacting fundamentals $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ ) have been reinvestigated recently at high spectral resolution [6], little is known about the line intensities in this region. The integrated band intensities of these two overlapping bands were measured in the past by different groups [7-10], using band separation techniques applied to low-resolution spectra. However, no line by line study of absolute intensities at $7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ is presently available. At the present time, no spectroscopic information (including line positions, intensities, and linewidths) on $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ is available from either the HITRAN [11] or the GEISA [12] databases.

The purpose of the present study was to measure the absolute infrared intensities for the two fundamentals $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ of $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$, and to provide a $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ compilation at $7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ for databases. The intensity parameters were derived by analyzing a set of individual line intensities accurately measured using a Fourier
transform spectrometer Bruker IFS 120 HR. Modeling of the intensities was achieved within a two-interacting-band system, i.e., $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$, such a model being required to account properly for the strong Coriolis coupling between $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$. The formulation of the model was developed in Ref. [13] for a vibrational system including up to five interacting bands. The intensity fit of experimental data led to the determination of the dipole moment derivatives $d_{2}=\partial \mu / \partial q_{2}$ and $d_{5}=\partial \mu / \partial q_{5}$ relative to the $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ bands, as well as the first-order Herman-Wallis correction in $K$ to $d_{5}$. A new evaluation of the individual band strengths $S_{2}$ and $S_{5}$ is made and compared with previous determinations [7-9].

The following sections present respectively the experimental details, the theoretical treatment leading to line intensity data, the procedure used for extracting the individual band strengths $S_{2}$ and $S_{5}$, and comparisons with previous works. From the resulting values of the dipole moment derivatives, a global line-by-line prediction is now available for atmospheric applications. For applications of our database to atmospheric remote sensing and retrieval of methyl bromide concentrations, we plan also to investigate line broadening in this region. That work is in progress.

## 2. EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS

Four absorption spectra of methyl bromide were recorded using a Fourier transform spectrometer Bruker IFS 120 HR. They were not numerically apodized. The instrument was equipped with a MCT photovoltaic detector, a $\mathrm{Ge} / \mathrm{KBr}$ beamsplitter, and a Globar source. The whole optical path was under vacuum, and a 1.15 mm entrance aperture diameter was used. The MCT detector was used in conjunction with an optical filter, with a bandpass of $1150-1550 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, to minimize the size of the interferogram data files and also to improve the $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{N}$ ratio. In this study, we used a White type multipass cell that provides a $415 \pm 1 \mathrm{~cm}$ path length. The experimental set-up used in this study was previously described in Ref. [14]. All measurements were carried out at room temperature and, during the recording of the spectra, the temperature was continuously monitored using platinum sensors attached inside the cell. The sample of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$, with bromine at natural abundance, was obtained from Fluka. The chemical purity of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ was specified to be better than $99 \%$. The sample was used without further purification. In order to work nearly under Doppler conditions and thus to minimize collisional broadening, the methyl bromide pressures ranged between 0.1991 and 0.4028 mbar and the gas pressure was measured with an absolute uncertainty of $0.4 \%$, using a MKS Baratron gauge with a full-scale reading of 1 mbar. The conditions of absorption path length, pressure, temperature, and resolution are provided in Table 1. The experimental uncertainties for temperatures, pressures, and optical paths were estimated to be $1 \mathrm{~K}, 0.4 \%$, and 1 cm , respectively. Spectral calibration is achieved by using residual water vapour absorptions in the interferometer. Twenty lines of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ between $1250-1550 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ were used with reference wavenumbers taken from [15]. The spectral calibration is accurate to $4.6 \times 10^{-4} \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ (RMS). Figure 1 shows, for the four spectra recorded in LADIR, the overviews of the entire $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ bands of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$.
Line positions and intensities were retrieved from each individual spectrum using a non-linear least squares fitting technique. Each spectrum was compared to a computed synthetic spectrum and the line positions and intensities were adjusted to reduce the differences between the observed and computed spectra. This treatment was done on intervals smaller than $0.4 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, in the range $1270-1540 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Synthetic spectra were calculated as sums of Voigt profiles and no line mixing was introduced.

They were then convoluted with an apparatus function which takes into account the finite path difference and the finite entrance aperture [16]. A sample is shown in Figure 2. The upper panel shows the observed and synthetic spectra overlaid, and the lower panel shows the difference between the two, in percent. The values of the parameters (positions and intensities) at the end of the adjustment become the "measured" values. An example of the pressure dependence of line intensities is shown on Figure 3. For each measured line, an average of its position and intensity in the four spectra was carried out, giving the position in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ and the absolute intensity in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$. $\mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ at given temperature. In Table 2, a sample of individual measurements and the resulting averages is shown; it is seen that the precisions of the measurements are generally better than $3 \%$. The quantities "Pos - ave" and "Int - ave" are the differences between the individual and averaged values for the positions and intensities, respectively.

## 3. INTENSITY ANALYSIS

### 3.1 Description of the model

The formulation developed in Ref. [13] for $C_{3 v}$ molecules allows to calculate the line positions and intensities for a vibrational system including up to five interacting bands, i.e., $2 v_{n}, v_{n}+v_{t}, 2 v_{t}, v_{n^{\prime}}, v_{t^{\prime}}$, where $n$ (or $n^{\prime}$ ) and $t$ (or $t^{\prime}$ ) represent nondegenerate $A$, or twofold degenerate $E$ vibrations, respectively. This set of programs has been used in a series of papers related to $C_{3 v}$ symmetric top molecules including $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}[5,6,13,17]$.
The restriction of this formulation to the dyad system $v_{n^{\prime}} / v_{\mathrm{t}^{\prime}}$ can be quite suitably used in the present intensity analysis of $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ of $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$. In this way, the Coriolis coupling between the modes 2 and 5 is calculated via diagonalization. The dipole transition matrix relative to the system $v_{2} / v_{5}$ is derived from Table II of Ref. [13] by dropping all the matrix elements except those related to $v_{n^{\prime}}$ and $v_{t^{\prime}}$; such a matrix is reproduced with specified values of $n$ ' and $t$ ' in Table 3 of the present paper. Nevertheless, in Table II of Ref. [13], the second order contributions, not required in the present work, are removed so that only five intensity parameters appear in Table
3. The leading intensity parameters are the dipole moment derivatives with respect to the normal coordinate of vibration

$$
d_{2}=\frac{\partial \mu}{\partial q_{2}} \quad \text { and } \quad d_{5}=\frac{\partial \mu}{\partial q_{5}}
$$

The first-order contributions depend on three Herman-Wallis type coefficients, i.e., $d_{2}^{(1)}$ and $d_{5}^{(1)}$ for the corrections in $m$ to the leading terms ( $m=-J$ and $J+1$ for P and R branches, respectively); $d_{5}^{(2)}$ for the corrections in $K$ to the leading term in the degenerate band $\nu_{5}$.

### 3.2 Intensity analysis and results

The individual-line intensity $I_{A^{\prime \prime}}^{B^{\prime}}$ (in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$ at a temperature $T$ ) for a transition between two vibrational-rotational states $A^{\prime \prime} \rightarrow B^{\prime}$ is given [18] by

$$
\begin{equation*}
I_{A^{\prime \prime}}^{B^{\prime}}=\frac{8 \pi^{3}}{3 h c} \cdot \frac{L T_{0}}{T Q_{T}} g_{A^{\prime \prime}} \cdot v_{B^{\prime} \leftarrow A^{\prime \prime}} \cdot\left[1-\exp \left(-\frac{h c v_{B^{\prime} \leftarrow A^{\prime \prime}}}{k T}\right)\right] \cdot \exp \left(-\frac{h c E_{A^{\prime \prime}}}{k T}\right) \cdot\left|\left\langle B^{\prime}\left\|\mu_{Z}^{t}\right\| A^{\prime \prime}\right\rangle\right\rangle^{2} . \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

In equation (1), $L=2.68675 \times 10^{19}$ molecules $\mathrm{cm}^{-3}$ is the Loschmidt number at $T_{0}=$ 273.15 K and $P=1 \mathrm{~atm} ; T=296 \mathrm{~K} ; Q_{T}=20762.196$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and 20849.271 for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$ are the total partition functions at 296 K calculated by Brunetaud et al. [5]; $v_{B^{\prime} \leftarrow A^{\prime \prime}}$ is the wavenumber of the transition (in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ); $g_{A^{\prime \prime}}$ and $E_{A^{\prime \prime}}$ are the total degeneracy and the energy of the lower state, respectively; $\left\langle B^{\prime}\left\|\mu_{z}^{t}\right\| A^{\prime \prime}\right\rangle$ is the M reduced transition dipole moment defined in Ref. [19], $\left|A^{\prime \prime}\right\rangle$ and $\left|B^{\prime}\right\rangle$ are the eigenvectors that can be described as linear combination of the zero-order basis wavefunctions $|v, l, J, K\rangle$ for the lower and the upper state, respectively, $c$ is the speed of light, and $h$ and $k$ represent the Planck and Boltzmann constants, respectively.
In the present work, no fit of the line positions was performed. The energy parameters for both ground and upper vibrational states were fixed to the values obtained in Ref. [6]. The programs described in Ref. [13] were used to reproduce the energy levels, line positions, and eigenvectors required for the line intensity calculation.

The absolute intensities of 117 lines of $v_{2}$ in the range $1269-1333 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, and of 196 lines of $v_{5}$ in the range of $1364-1527 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, were measured. The data cover the subbands ${ }^{Q} P$ and ${ }^{Q} R$ in $v_{2}$ (with $J \leq 52$ and $K \leq 9$ ) and five subbands ${ }^{P} Q,{ }^{P} P,{ }^{P} R$, ${ }^{R} P$, and ${ }^{R} R$ in $v_{5}$ (with $J \leq 50$ and $K \leq 7$ ).
A least-square fit of the line intensities belonging to $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ led to the determination of three intensity parameters, for each isotopomers of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$. The values of the intensity parameters obtained in our fit are listed in Table 4, together with the statistical analysis of our results. The intensities were reproduced with an overall standard deviation of $3 \%$, which is comparable to the mean experimental uncertainty equal to $4 \%$. One parameter is needed to fit the $v_{2}$ band within $3.0 \%$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $3.3 \%$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$ (the term $d_{2}$, i.e., the first term of the dipole moment transition derivative expansion in $v_{2}$ ); two parameters are needed to fit the $v_{5}$ band within $2.6 \%$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $3.0 \%$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$ (the terms $d_{5}$ and $d_{5}^{(2)}$, i.e., the leading term of the dipole moment transition derivative expansion in $\nu_{5}$ and its $K$ dependence, respectively), according to the notation of Table 3. Without the first-order HermanWallis correction in $K$ to $d_{5}$, the standard deviations become $4.5 \%$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $4.8 \%$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$ in $v_{5}$. The $d_{2}^{(1)}$ and $d_{5}^{(1)}$ terms (the $J$ dependence of the transition dipole moments of $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ respectively) were not determined and did not contribute to decrease the standard deviation, so we set them to zero.

The fit of the intensity data was performed according to the same procedure already used for the intensity analysis of $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ of ${ }^{12} \mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}$ and of $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ of ${ }^{12} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{~F}$, respectively by Cappellani et al. [20] and by Muriel Lepère et al. [21]. These authors also introduced in their fit the Herman-Wallis coefficient $d_{5}^{(2)}$ which induced a small variation in $K$ for $d_{5}$.

The results of this work confirm a positive sign of the Coriolis intensity perturbation $d_{2} \times \zeta_{2,5} \times d_{5}$, as predicted in our previous work [6]. $\zeta_{2,5}$ is the Coriolis coupling term between the two bands $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$, see Ref. [6] for more details.
Tables 5 and 6 show a comparison between measured and calculated intensities for both isotopomers of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$. Columns (I) to (VII) of these Tables give for each transition the following parameters: (I) assignment including the identification of the
lower energy level by $J^{\prime \prime}$, symmetry species $\Gamma^{\prime \prime}$ and $|K| "$; (II) identification of the upper energy level by $J^{\prime}, \Gamma^{\prime},|K|^{\prime}$, and the vibrational angular momentum quantum number $l^{\prime}$; (III) vibrational band; (IV) observed wavenumbers in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; (V) observed intensities $I_{\text {obs }}$ (in cm ${ }^{-2}$. $\mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ at 296 K ); calculated intensities $I_{\text {calc }}$ (in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} . \mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ at 296 $K$ ); and the difference between calculated and observed intensities in percent $\left(I_{\text {calc }}-I_{\text {obs }}\right) / I_{\text {obs }}$.

The present line intensity analysis combined with the assignments and line positions of Kwabia Tchana et al. [6] provides an improved $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ compilation at $7 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ for databases such as HITRAN [11] and GEISA [12]. To illustrate the quality of our results, Figure 4 shows the observed and calculated spectra of methyl bromide from 1420 to $1423 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. The observed spectrum was recorded at $0.004 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ resolution, with an optical path of $27.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~cm}$ and a pressure of $4.693 \pm 0.005 \mathrm{mbar}$ at $296 \pm 1$ K (see Ref. [6] for more details).
The vibrational transition dipole moments $\langle | \mu_{v}| \rangle$ are directly related to the dipole moment derivatives $\left|d_{2}\right|$ or $\left|d_{5}\right|$ and were found to be
$\langle | \mu_{2}| \rangle_{79}=\left|d_{2}\right| / \sqrt{2}=0.04741(11) \mathrm{D}$ and $\langle | \mu_{5}| \rangle_{79}=\left|d_{5}\right|=0.037819(72) \quad \mathrm{D}$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ (2)
and

$$
\langle | \mu_{2}| \rangle_{81}=\left|d_{2}\right| / \sqrt{2}=0.04698(13) \mathrm{D} \text { and }\langle | \mu_{5}| \rangle_{81}=\left|d_{5}\right|=0.037500(79) \mathrm{D} \text { for } \mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br} \text {. (3 }
$$

The vibrational band strengths $S_{2}$ and $S_{5}$ of the $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ bands were calculated from

$$
\begin{equation*}
S_{v}=\frac{8 \pi^{3}}{3 h c} L \frac{T_{0}}{T}\left[\frac{v_{v}^{79}}{Q_{V}^{79}}\langle | \mu_{v}| \rangle_{79}^{2}+\frac{v_{v}^{81}}{Q_{V}^{81}}\langle | \mu_{v}| \rangle_{81}^{2}\right], \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $Q_{v}$ is the vibrational partition function $\left(Q_{v}=1.078522\right.$ and 1.078806 for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$, respectively); and $v_{v}^{79}$ and $v_{v}^{81}$ are the wavenumbers at the $v_{2}$ and $\nu_{5}$ bands centers of each isotope $\quad\left(\nu_{2}^{79}=1305.928849(57)\right.$, $v_{2}^{81}=1305.899488(49), \quad v_{5}^{79}=1442.931213(44) \quad$ and $\left.\quad v_{5}^{81}=1442.919224(43)\right)$. The values derived for $S_{2}$ and $S_{5}$ are $S_{2}=55.7(0.6) \mathrm{cm}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$ at $T=296 \mathrm{~K}$ and $S_{5}=39.2(0.3) \mathrm{cm}^{-2} . \mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ at $T=296 \mathrm{~K}$. To evaluate the consistency of the treatment,
a comparison between these values and the values of the sum of all calculated single-line intensities $\sum I_{i}$ in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2}$. $\mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ (from Eq. (1)), is made for $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ at $T=296 \mathrm{~K}$. The values obtained for $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ are $\sum I_{2}=54.3(2.2) \mathrm{cm}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$ at $T=296 \mathrm{~K}$ and $\sum I_{5}=39.5(1.6) \mathrm{cm}^{-2} . \mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ at $T=296 \mathrm{~K}$. These values are very close to the vibrational band strengths $S_{2}$ and $S_{5}$ obtained in this work.

## 4. DISCUSSION

The vibrational band strengths obtained in this study are shown in Table 7 together with those obtained from previous investigations. In the present study the vibrational band strengths $S_{2}$ and $S_{5}$ were derived for the first time by an analysis of individual line intensities. The values of Refs. [7-9] were determined from integrated band absorptions, using band separation techniques applied on low-resolution spectra. The integrated band intensities obtained from Refs. [7-9] are $A_{2}=66.8$ [7], 56.7(1.6) [8], and 62.5(2.3) [9] and $A_{5}=39.5$ [7], 48.6(1.3) [8], and 51.1(2.3) [9], in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} . \mathrm{atm}^{-1}$. These data probably do not represent exactly the band strengths $S_{2}$ and $S_{5}$ of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$, because these authors do not discuss any hot band corrections. For example, Figure 5 shows the contribution of the hot band $v_{5}+v_{3}-v_{3}$, centered at $1447.08 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, to the band strength $S_{5}$.

To compare our result with earlier measurements obtained at low resolution from the integrated band absorption intensity $A$ including all hot bands in the $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ regions, we have used the relation

$$
\begin{equation*}
S_{v} \cong A / Q_{v} \tag{5}
\end{equation*}
$$

where $Q_{v}$ is the vibrational partition function and $S_{v}$ the integrated band absorption intensity without hot bands. Employing the values of the integrated band absorption intensity $A$ from Refs. [7-9], and using equation (5), we derive the values of $S_{2}, S_{5}$, and $S_{2}+S_{5}\left(\mathrm{in} \mathrm{cm}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}\right)$ for the references [7-9], given in Table 7 .
Our values are close to the averages of the previous references $\left(57,4 \mathrm{~cm}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}\right.$ for $S_{2}$ and $43.0 \mathrm{~cm}^{-2} . \mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ for $S_{5}$ ) but the values of $S_{5}$ from references [8,9] are higher than ours, while the value from the oldest study [7] is lower. Our value of $S_{2}$ is in
good agreement with the values of Refs. [8, 9] and moderate agreement is observed with the value of Ref. [7].

However, the value of the sum $S_{2}+S_{5}$ obtained in this work is in very good agreement with the values of Refs. [7, 8], the percentage difference between our value and the values of Refs. [7, 8] is less than $4 \%$. The values calculated for the ratio $S_{2} / S_{5}$ are between 1.2 and 1.7.

In conclusion, the present analysis makes use of individual line intensities accurately measured and carefully selected and is based on intensity calculations accounting for rovibrational interaction between $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$. It should improve our knowledge of the intensity parameters of the $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ fundamentals of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$.

## 5. CONCLUSIONS

The aim of this work was to determine the values of intensity parameters for the fundamental bands $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$. For that, we measured 313 line intensities, chosen to be well distributed among the two bands $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$. Modeling of the intensities was achieved within a dyad system. This model is required to account for the rather large Coriolis coupling $v_{2} / v_{5}$. The intensities were reproduced with an overall standard deviation of $3.0 \%$, to be compared to a mean experimental uncertainty equal to $4 \%$. For the first time, the band strengths $S_{2}$ and $S_{5}$ were derived by an analysis of individual line intensities.

A list of lines, in ASCII text format, providing the same information as Tables 5 and 6 with the addition of the energy of the lower level of each transitions, is available on request from one of the authors (E-mail: fkwabia@yahoo.fr).

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## FIGURE CAPTIONS

Figure 1.
Unapodized absorption spectra of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ between 1260 and $1560 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, recorded at a resolution of $0.002 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ using a Bruker IFS 120 HR located at LADIR (Paris, France), with the experimental conditions reported in Table 1.

## Figure 2.

Line-by-line retrieval of positions and intensities using non-linear least squares fitting technique at $1393 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. The differences are minimized by adjusting the assumed positions and intensities of lines in the synthetic spectrum. The methyl bromide gas pressure is $0.4028 \pm 0.0016$ mbar at $296 \pm 1 \mathrm{~K}$, the optical path $415 \pm 1 \mathrm{~cm}$, and the resolution is $0.002 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Upper panel: observed (open circles) and synthetic (solid line) spectra overlaid. Lower panel: differences between the two spectra in percent.

## Figure 3.

Pressure dependance: ( $\boldsymbol{\square}$ ) measured values for the ${ }^{Q} \mathrm{P}_{7}(20)$ line of the $v_{2}$ band of $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ with $\mathrm{I}^{0}=(1.786 \pm 0.009) \times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~cm}^{-2} \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$ at 296 K ; (一) fits.

## Figure 4.

Comparison between calculated and observed spectra in the $1420-1423 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ interval. Upper panel: (a) synthetic spectrum calculated by using the intensity parameters obtained in this work, (b) observed spectrum recorded at a resolution of $0.004 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ using a Bruker IFS 120 HR located at LPPM (Orsay, France) [6]. The methyl bromide gas pressure is $4.693 \pm 0.005 \mathrm{mbar}$ at $296 \pm 1 \mathrm{~K}$, and the optical path $27.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~cm}$. Lower panel: (c) differences between observed and calculated spectra (always lower than 5\%).

## Figure 5.

Comparison between calculated and observed spectra in the $1446.2-1447.8 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ interval: (a) observed spectrum recorded at a resolution of $0.004 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, with an optical path of $27.0 \pm 0.1 \mathrm{~cm}$ and a pressure of $4.693 \pm 0.005 \mathrm{mbar}$ at $296 \pm 1 \mathrm{~K}$; (b) calculated spectrum; (c) difference between observed and calculated spectra (Obs.Cal.). The presence of the hot band $v_{5}+v_{3}-v_{3}$, centered at $1447.08 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$ is clearly visible.

## TABLE 1.

## Experimental Conditions Used to Record the FTIR Spectra of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}^{(\mathbf{a})}$

Bruker IFS 120 HR at LADIR, Paris
Bandpass: $1150-1550 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$

| Spectrum <br> $\#$ | Path <br> $(\mathrm{cm})$ | Pressure $^{(\mathrm{b})}$ <br> $(\mathrm{mbar})$ | Temperature <br> $(\mathrm{K})$ | Resolution <br> $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | $415(1)$ | $0.1991(8)$ | $297(1)$ | 0.002 |
| 2. | $415(1)$ | $0.2778(11)$ | $296(1)$ | 0.002 |
| 3. | $415(1)$ | $0.3415(14)$ | $298(1)$ | 0.002 |
| 4. | $415(1)$ | $0.4028(16)$ | $296(1)$ | 0.002 |
| $5 .{ }^{(\mathrm{c})}$ | $27.0(0.1)$ | $4.693(5)$ | $296(1)$ | 0.004 |

${ }^{(a)}$ The numbers in parentheses represent the absolute uncertainty in the units of the last digit quoted.
${ }^{(b)}$ The absolute uncertainty is estimated to be $0.4 \%$ of the measured pressure.
${ }^{(c)}$ Recorded using the Bruker IFS 120 HR located at LPPM, Orsay (see reference [6] for more details).
Note. The resolution is equal to 0.9/(Maximum Optical Path Difference) and $1 \mathrm{~atm}=1013 \mathrm{mbar}$.

TABLE 2.
Sample of Line-by-Line Measurements of $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ from LADIR FT Spectra

|  | Position ( $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pos- } \text { ave }^{(\mathrm{a})} \\ & \left(\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) \end{aligned}$ | Intensity ( $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} . \mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Int - ave }{ }^{(b)} \\ & \text { (\%) } \end{aligned}$ | Path <br> (cm) | Pressure (mbar) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1277.32396 | 0.00001 | 0.03182 | 2.2 | 415 | 0.1991 |
|  | 1277.32394 | -0.00001 | 0.03086 | -0.8 | 415 | 0.2778 |
|  | 1277.32394 | -0.00001 | 0.03152 | 1.3 | 415 | 0.3415 |
|  | 1277.32395 | 0.00000 | 0.03029 | -2.7 | 415 | 0.4028 |
| Average | 1277.32395 | 0.00001 | 0.03112 | 1.8 |  |  |
|  | 1329.02532 | 0.00001 | 0.01073 | 2.0 | 415 | 0.1991 |
|  | 1329.02529 | -0.00002 | 0.01042 | - 1.1 | 415 | 0.2778 |
|  | 1329.02531 | 0.00000 | 0.01072 | 1.7 | 415 | 0.3415 |
|  | 1329.02530 | -0.00001 | 0.01029 | -2.4 | 415 | 0.4028 |
| Average | 1329.02531 | 0.00001 | 0.01054 | 1.8 |  |  |
|  | 1406.65865 | 0.00001 | 0.01937 | - 1.0 | 415 | 0.1991 |
|  | 1406.65862 | -0.00002 | 0.01947 | -0.5 | 415 | 0.2778 |
|  | 1406.65865 | 0.00001 | 0.01993 | 2.0 | 415 | 0.3415 |
|  | 1406.65865 | 0.00001 | 0.01947 | -0.5 | 415 | 0.4028 |
| Average | 1406.65864 | 0.00001 | 0.01956 | 0.8 |  |  |
|  | 1452.71780 | 0.00006 | 0.01037 | - 1.2 | 415 | 0.1991 |
|  | 1452.71772 | -0.00002 | 0.01049 | -0.1 | 415 | 0.2778 |
|  | 1452.71772 | -0.00002 | 0.01067 | 1.6 | 415 | 0.3415 |
|  | 1452.71772 | -0.00002 | 0.01045 | -0.5 | 415 | 0.4028 |
| Average | 1452.71774 | 0.00003 | 0.01050 | 0.9 |  |  |
|  | 1525.63592 | 0.00001 | 0.02262 | 5.1 | 415 | 0.1991 |
|  | 1525.63590 | -0.00001 | 0.02109 | -2.0 | 415 | 0.2778 |
|  | 1525.63591 | 0.00000 | 0.02118 | - 1.6 | 415 | 0.3415 |
|  | 1525.63590 | -0.00001 | 0.02120 | -1.5 | 415 | 0.4028 |
| Average | 1525.63591 | 0.00001 | 0.02152 | 2.6 |  |  |

${ }^{(a)}$ Difference between the individual and averaged position.
${ }^{(b)}$ Difference between the individual and averaged intensity.

## TABLE 3.

Dipole Moment Matrix ${ }^{(a)}$ for the Dyad $v_{2} / v_{5}$ of $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$
For $v_{2}$ :
$\left\langle v_{2}=0 J K\left\|\mu_{Z}^{T}\right\| v_{2}=1 J K\right\rangle=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} d_{2} K F_{00}(J K)$
$\left\langle v_{2}=0 J K\left\|\mu_{Z}^{T}\right\| v_{2}=1 J^{\prime} K\right\rangle=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(d_{2}+d_{2}^{(1)} m\right) F_{10}(m K)$
For $v_{5}$ :
$\left\langle v_{5}=0 l_{5}=0 J K\left\|\mu_{Z}^{T}\right\| v_{5}=1 l_{5}= \pm 1 J K \pm 1\right\rangle= \pm \frac{1}{2}\left(d_{5} \pm d_{5}^{(2)}(2 K \pm 1)\right) F_{01}^{ \pm}(J K)$
$\left\langle v_{5}=0 l_{5}=0 J K\left\|\mu_{Z}^{T}\right\| v_{5}=1 l_{5}= \pm 1 J^{\prime} K \pm 1\right\rangle= \pm \frac{1}{2}\left(d_{5}+d_{5}^{(1)} m \pm d_{5}^{(2)}(2 K \pm 1)\right) F_{11}^{ \pm}(m K)$
(a) $\left\langle\left\|\mu_{Z}^{T}\right\|\right\rangle$ is the M-reduced transition moment defined in Ref. [19].

Note. $m=J+1$ and $-J$ for $J^{\prime}=J+1$ (R branch) and $J-1$ ( P branch). The expressions of $F$ functions in terms of $J, m$, and $K$ can be found in Table XIV of Ref. [19]. The origin of all coefficients can be found in Ref. [19].

## TABLE 4.

Dipole Moment Derivatives (in Debye) for the $\nu_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ Bands of $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ and $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$ and Statistical Analysis of the Results ${ }^{(\mathrm{a})}$

| Dipole Moment Derivatives | $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $d_{2}$ | 0.06705(16) | 0.06644(18) |
| $d_{5}$ | $0.037819(72)$ | 0.037500(79) |
| $d_{5}^{(2)} \times 10^{3}$ | -0.1007(92) | - 0.111(10) |
| Statistics | $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}$ | $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{81} \mathrm{Br}$ |
| $0 \leq \delta 1 / I^{\text {b })}<4 \%$ | 80 \% | 72 \% of the lines |
| 4\% $\leq$ ठI/I $<7 \%$ | 16 \% | 22 \% |
| 7\% $\leq$ ¢ $/$ l $<10 \%$ | 2 \% | 3 \% |
| 10\% $\leq \delta \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{l}<17 \%$ | 2 \% | 3 \% |
| \# lines $\mathrm{v}_{2}{ }^{(\mathrm{c})}$ | 59 | 58 |
| $\#$ lines $v_{5}{ }^{(c)}$ | 93 | 103 |
| \% rms $\mathrm{v}_{2}$ | 3.0 \% | 3.3 \% |
| \% rms $\mathrm{v}_{5}$ | 2.6 \% | 3.0 \% |
| ${ }^{(a)}$ The quoted errors are one standard deviation. <br> ${ }^{(b)} \delta I / I=\mid I_{\text {calc }}-I_{\text {obs }} / / I_{\text {obs }}$ in $\%$. <br> ${ }^{(c)}$ Number of transitions included in the least squares fits. |  |  |

TABLE 5.

## Comparison Between Measured and Calculated Intensities for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79} \mathrm{Br}^{(\mathrm{a})}$

| $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}$ : | isotope <br> (I) |  | (II) |  | (III) | (IV) | (V) | (VI) | (VII) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Q)P | ( $49, \mathrm{~A}+, 0$ ) | 48 | A+ | 0 | 0 nu2 | 1269.89052 | 0.6950E-02 | 0.7009E-02 | 0.85 |
| (Q)P | ( $49, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 48 | E | 10 | 0 nu2 | 1269.90063 | 0.6960E-02 | 0.6849E-02 | -1.60 |
| (Q)P | ( $49, \mathrm{E}, 2)$ | 48 | E | 2 | 0 nu2 | 1269.92968 | 0.6200E-02 | 0.6390E-02 | 3.06 |
| (Q)P | ( $49, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 48 | A | 3 | 0 nu2 | 1269.97385 | 0.1150E-01 | 0.1139E-01 | -0.99 |
| (Q)P | $(44, A, 6)$ | 43 | A | 60 | 0 nu2 | 1274.30149 | 0.1130E-01 | 0.1127E-01 | -0.26 |
| (Q)P | ( $40, A, 3$ ) | 39 | A | 30 | 0 nu2 | 1277.32395 | 0.3110E-01 | 0.3204E-01 | 3.01 |
| (Q)P | ( $39, A+, 0$ ) | 38 | A+ | 0 | 0 nu 2 | 1277.99408 | 0.2190E-01 | 0.2178E-01 | -0.55 |
| (Q)P | (39, E , 1) | 38 | E | 1 | 0 nu2 | 1278.00888 | 0.2080E-01 | 0.2127E-01 | 2.28 |
| Q) P | (39,E , 2) | 38 | E | 2 | 0 nu 2 | 1278.05255 | 0.1930E-01 | 0.1983E-01 | 2.75 |
| (Q)P | ( $39, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 38 | A | 30 | 0 nu2 | 1278.12241 | 0.3440E-01 | 0.3529E-01 | 2.58 |
| (Q)P | $(38, A+, 0)$ | 37 | A+ | 0 | 0 nu2 | 1278.78467 | 0.2390E-01 | 0.2391E-01 | 0.03 |
| (Q)P | $(38, E, 1)$ | 37 | E | 1 | 0 nu2 | 1278.79993 | 0.2390E-01 | 0.2335E-01 | -2.29 |
| (Q)P | (38,E , 2) | 37 | E | 2 | 0 nu 2 | 1278.84493 | 0.2110E-01 | 0.2176E-01 | 3.15 |
| (Q)P | ( $37, A+, 0$ ) | 36 | A+ | 0 | 0 nu2 | 1279.57157 | 0.2600E-01 | 0.2614E-01 | 0.55 |
| (Q)P | (37, E , 1) | 36 | E |  | 0 nu 2 | 1279.58726 | 0.2500E-01 | 0.2554E-01 | 2.14 |
| (Q)P | $(36, A+, 0)$ | 35 | A+ | 0 | 0 nu 2 | 1280.35478 | 0.2780E-01 | 0.2848E-01 | 2.45 |
| (Q)P | ( $36, \mathrm{E}, 1$ ) | 35 | E | 1 | 0 nu 2 | 1280.37090 | 0.2710E-01 | 0.2782E-01 | 2.64 |
| (Q)P | ( $36, \mathrm{E}, 2$ ) | 35 | E | 2 | 0 nu 2 | 1280.41853 | 0.2530E-01 | 0.2592E-01 | 2.44 |
| (Q)P | $(35, A, 3)$ | 34 | A |  | 0 nu2 | 1281.27882 | 0.4790E-01 | 0.4999E-01 | 4.35 |
| (Q)P | $(35, A, 6)$ | 34 | A |  | 0 nu 2 | 1281.63790 | 0.2590E-01 | 0.2661E-01 | 2.72 |
| (Q)P | ( $35, \mathrm{~A}, 9$ ) | 34 | A |  | 0 nu2 | 1281.66851 | 0.9020E-02 | 0.9568E-02 | 6.08 |
| (Q)P | $(34, A, 3)$ | 33 | A | 3 | 0 nu 2 | 1282.05844 | 0.5150E-01 | 0.5400E-01 | 4.86 |
| (Q)P | ( $32, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 31 | A | 60 | 0 nu2 | 1284.01067 | 0.3250E-01 | 0.3297E-01 | 1.45 |
| (Q)P | $(31, A, 6)$ | 30 | A |  | 0 nu2 | 1284.79326 | 0.3530E-01 | 0.3511E-01 | -0.53 |
| (Q)P | (29, E , 5) | 28 | E | 50 | 0 nu 2 | 1286.17467 | 0.2570E-01 | 0.2550E-01 | -0.79 |
| (Q)P | $(22, E, 4)$ | 21 | E | 4 | 0 nu2 | 1291.24997 | 0.3940E-01 | 0.4096E-01 | 3.95 |
| (Q)P | ( $20, \mathrm{E}, 7$ ) | 19 | E | 7 | 0 nu 2 | 1293.36180 | 0.1790E-01 | 0.1828E-01 | 2.14 |
| (Q)P | (10, E , 4) | 9 | E | 4 | 0 nu2 | 1299.72939 | 0.2880E-01 | 0.2908E-01 | 0.96 |
| (Q)P | (10, E , 5) | 9 | E | 5 | 0 nu 2 | 1299.93936 | 0.2120E-01 | 0.2111E-01 | -0.42 |
| (Q)P | ( $9, A+0$ ) | 8 | A+ | 0 | 0 nu2 | 1300.03193 | 0.4510E-01 | 0.4641E-01 | 2.90 |
| (Q)P | 9, E , 1) | 8 | E | 1 | 0 nu 2 | 1300.05542 | 0.4340E-01 | 0.4478E-01 | 3.19 |
| Q) P | 9, E , 2) | 8 | E | 2 | 0 nu2 | 1300.12590 | 0.3930E-01 | 0.4021E-01 | 2.31 |
| (Q)P | $(10, A, 6)$ | 9 | A | 60 | 0 nu 2 | 1300.19596 | 0.2880E-01 | 0.2803E-01 | -2.67 |
| (Q)P | 9, A , 3) | 8 | A | 30 | 0 nu 2 | 1300.24332 | 0.6370E-01 | 0.6698E-01 | 5.15 |
| (Q)P | 9, E , 5) | 8 | E | 5 | 0 nu2 | 1300.61919 | 0.1940E-01 | 0.1802E-01 | -7.12 |
| (Q)P | ( $8, \mathrm{~A}+, 0$ ) | 7 | A+ | 0 | 0 nu2 | 1300.70402 | 0.4050E-01 | 0.4233E-01 | 4.51 |
| (Q)P | 8, E , 1) | 7 | E |  | 0 nu2 | 1300.72761 | 0.3890E-01 | 0.4071E-01 | 4.65 |
| (Q) R | $3, A+, 0)$ | 4 | A+ |  | 0 nu2 | 1308.43980 | 0.2100E-01 | 0.2259E-01 | 7.59 |
| (Q) R | 3, E , 1) | 4 | E | 1 | 0 nu 2 | 1308.46350 | 0.2050E-01 | 0.2069E-01 | 0.93 |
| (Q)R | ( $4, A+0)$ | 5 | A+ | 0 | 0 nu 2 | 1309.05671 | 0.2690E-01 | 0.2783E-01 | 3.44 |
| (Q) R | ( 4, E , 1) | 5 | E |  | 0 nu2 | 1309.08038 | 0.2510E-01 | 0.2609E-01 | 3.96 |
| (Q) R | (20, E , 5) | 21 | E | 50 | 0 nu2 | 1318.84184 | 0.3180E-01 | 0.3125E-01 | -1.74 |
| (Q)R | ( $25, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 26 | A | 3 | 0 nu 2 | 1321.18440 | 0.8170E-01 | 0.8196E-01 | 0.32 |
| (Q)R | ( $28, \mathrm{E}, 7$ ) | 29 | E | 7 | 0 nu2 | 1323.30301 | 0.1290E-01 | 0.1260E-01 | -2.30 |
| (Q) R | ( $30, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 31 | A | 3 | 0 nu2 | 1323.73295 | 0.6030E-01 | 0.6263E-01 | 3.86 |
| (Q)R | ( $29, \mathrm{E}, 7$ ) | 30 | E | 7 | 0 nu2 | 1323.78352 | 0.1170E-01 | 0.1191E-01 | 1.76 |
| (Q) R | $(33, E, 4)$ | 34 | E | 4 | 0 nu2 | 1325.31036 | 0.2160E-01 | 0.2121E-01 | -1.80 |
| (Q)R | (40, E , 2) | 41 | E | 2 | 0 nu2 | 1328.44252 | 0.1570E-01 | 0.1524E-01 | -2.93 |
| (Q)R | ( $40, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 41 | A | 3 | 0 nu2 | 1328.50147 | 0.2750E-01 | 0.2688E-01 | -2.25 |
| (Q)R | (41, E , 4) | 42 | E | 4 | 0 nu2 | 1329.02531 | 0.1050E-01 | 0.1013E-01 | -3.49 |
| (Q) R | ( $41, \mathrm{E}, 5$ ) | 42 | E | 5 | 0 nu2 | 1329.10019 | 0.9540E-02 | 0.8059E-02 | -15.52 |
| (Q)R | $(44, E, 5)$ | 45 | E | 5 | 0 nu 2 | 1330.40355 | 0.5830E-02 | 0.5742E-02 | -1.50 |
| (Q) R | ( $44, \mathrm{E}, 7$ ) | 45 | E | 7 | 0 nu2 | 1330.41647 | 0.2960E-02 | 0.3069E-02 | 3.68 |
| (Q)R | $(44, A, 6)$ | 45 | A | 6 | 0 nu2 | 1330.43920 | 0.8780E-02 | 0.8646E-02 | -1.52 |
| (Q)R | ( $45, \mathrm{E}, 7)$ | 46 | E | 7 | 0 nu2 | 1330.82172 | 0.2760E-02 | 0.2720E-02 | -1.47 |
| (Q)R | ( $45, \mathrm{E}, 5$ ) | 46 | E | 5 | 0 nu 2 | 1330.82921 | 0.5880E-02 | 0.5092E-02 | -13.40 |
| (Q)R | ( $47, \mathrm{E}, 4$ ) | 48 | E | 4 | 0 nu 2 | 1331.62835 | 0.5200E-02 | 0.4985E-02 | -4.14 |
| (Q)R | $(47, E, 5)$ | 48 | E | 5 | 0 nu2 | 1331.66762 | 0.4090E-02 | 0.3961E-02 | -3.14 |
| (Q)R | (52,E , 2) | 53 | E | 2 | 0 nu 2 | 1333.62962 | 0.3540E-02 | 0.3396E-02 | -4.08 |


| (P) | (34,A , 6) | 33 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1355.71958 | 0.3390E-02 | 0.3557E-02 | 4.92 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (P)P | $(33, A, 6)$ | 32 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1356.28729 | 0.3930E-02 | 0.3958E-02 | 0.71 |
|  | $(27, A, 6)$ | 26 | A | 5-1 | 5 | 1359.73452 | 0.6950E-02 | 0.6957E-02 | 0.10 |
| (P)P | $(26, A, 6)$ | 25 | A | 5-1 | 5 | 1360.31605 | 0.7230E-02 | 0.7544E-02 | 4.34 |
| (P)P | $(22, A, 6)$ | 21 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1362.66285 | 0.9860E-02 | 0.1004E-01 | 1.84 |
| (P) Q | $(24, E, 7)$ | 24 | E | 6-1 | nu5 | 1364.32035 | 0.6910E-02 | 0.6745E-02 | -2.39 |
| (P) Q | $(27, E, 7)$ | 27 | E | 6-1 | nu5 | 1364.51345 | 0.6190E-02 | 0.6028E-02 | -2.62 |
| (P) Q | $(28, E, 7)$ | 28 | - | 6-1 | u5 | 1364.58205 | 0.6000E-02 | 0.5748E-02 | -4.21 |
| (P)P | $(13, A, 6)$ | 12 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1368.06777 | 0.1540E-01 | 0.1530E-01 | -0.65 |
| (P)Q | $(38, A, 6)$ | 38 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1377.71318 | 0.7620E-02 | 0.7438E-02 | -2.38 |
| (P) Q | $(39, A, 6)$ | 39 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1377.78830 | 0.6890E-02 | 0.6771E-02 | -1.73 |
| (P)P | $(21, E, 4)$ | 20 | E | 3-1 | nu5 | 1388.15498 | $0.7580 \mathrm{E}-02$ | $0.7664 \mathrm{E}-02$ | 11 |
| (P)P | $(33, A, 3)$ | 32 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1393.29286 | 0.6890E-02 | 0.7377E-02 | 7.06 |
| (P)R | $(26, A, 6)$ | 27 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1394.19085 | 0.8600E-02 | 0.8394E-02 | -2.39 |
| (P)P | $(11, E, 4)$ | 10 | E | 3-1 | u5 | 1394.28182 | 0.1000E-01 | 0.9946E-02 | -0.54 |
| (P) R | $(28, A, 6)$ | 29 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1395.57706 | 0.8210E-02 | 0.8060E-02 | -1.83 |
| (P)P | $(29, A, 3)$ | 28 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1395.66957 | 0.9930E-02 | 0.1037E-01 | 42 |
| (P) R | $(30, A, 6)$ | 31 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1396.96929 | 0.7800E-02 | 0.7564E-02 | -3.03 |
| (P)P | $(16, A, 3)$ | 15 | A | 1 | 5 | 1403.55170 | 0.1920E-01 | 0.1971E-01 | 2.66 |
| (P)P | $(15, A, 3)$ | 14 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1404.16820 | 0.2010E-01 | 0.2004E-01 | -0.30 |
| (P)P | (35, E , 2) | 34 | E | 1-1 | nu5 | 1404.30171 | 0.2960E-02 | 0.3309E-02 | 11.80 |
| (P) R | $(26, E, 5)$ | 27 | E | 4-1 | nu5 | 1406.62982 | 0.5590E-02 | 0.5512E-02 | -1.40 |
| (P)P | (31, E , 2) | 30 | E | 1-1 | nu5 | 1406.68844 | 0.4910E-02 | 0.4748E-02 | -3.31 |
| (P) R | $(12, E, 4)$ | 13 | E | 3-1 | nu5 | 1409.65085 | 0.4980E-02 | 0.4761E-02 | -4.39 |
| (P)P | $(26, E, 2)$ | 25 | E | 1-1 | nu5 | 1409.69975 | 0.6710E-02 | 0.6805E-02 | 1.41 |
| (P)P | ( $21, \mathrm{E}, 2)$ | 20 | E | 1-1 | nu5 | 1412.74290 | 0.8550E-02 | 0.8744E-02 | 2.27 |
| (P) R | $(17, E, 4)$ | 18 | E | 3-1 | 5 | 1412.96324 | 0.7180E-02 | 0.6725E-02 | -6.34 |
| (P)P | $(28, E, 1)$ | 27 | E | 0 | nu5 | 1420.62785 | 0.5670E-02 | 0.5963E-02 | 5.17 |
| (P)R | $(10, A, 3)$ | 11 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1420.70209 | 0.1130E-01 | 0.1078E-01 | -4.58 |
| (P) R | $(11, A, 3)$ | 12 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1421.35653 | 0.1250E-01 | 0.1207E-01 | -3.46 |
| (P) R | $(30, E, 4)$ | 31 | E | 3-1 | u5 | 1421.72658 | 0.6450E-02 | 0.6086E-02 | -5.64 |
| (P)P | $(22, E, 1)$ | 21 | E | 0 | 5 | 1424.29039 | 0.8160E-02 | 0.8241E-02 | 99 |
| (P)P | $(21, E, 1)$ | 20 | E | 01 | nu5 | 1424.90470 | 0.8380E-02 | 0.8549E-02 | 2.02 |
| (P) R | $(40, E, 4)$ | 41 | E | 3-1 | nu5 | 1428.59060 | 0.3220E-02 | 0.3105E-02 | -3.58 |
| (P)P | $(15, E, 1)$ | 14 | E | 01 | u5 | 1428.61469 | 0.9320E-02 | 0.9459E-02 | 1.49 |
| (P)P | $(14, E, 1)$ | 13 | E | 01 | u5 | 1429.23708 | 0.9780E-02 | 0.9403E-02 | -3.86 |
| (P)R | (41, E , 4) | 42 | E | 3-1 | u5 | 1429.28169 | 0.2860E-02 | 0.2836E-02 | -0.83 |
| (P)R | $(23, A, 3)$ | 24 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1429.30402 | 0.1860E-01 | 0.1816E-01 | -2.37 |
| (P)P | $(12, E, 1)$ | 11 | E | 0 | u5 | 1430.48519 | 0.8800E-02 | 0.9073E-02 | 3.11 |
| (P) R | $(26, A, 3)$ | 27 | A | 2-1 | u5 | 1431.31581 | 0.1770E-01 | 0.1706E-01 | -3.59 |
| (P) R | 8, E , 2) | 9 | E | 1-1 | u5 | 1431.67712 | 0.6130E-02 | 0.5838E-02 | -4.76 |
| (P)P | $(10, E, 1)$ | 9 | E | 1 | nu5 | 1431.73798 | 0.8210E-02 | 0.8438E-02 | 2.78 |
| (R)P | ( $27, A+0)$ | 26 | A+ | 11 | nu5 | 1433.67203 | 0.1220E-01 | 0.1260E-01 | 3.32 |
| (R)P | $(21, A+0)$ | 20 | A+ | 1 | nu5 | 1437.20368 | $0.1590 \mathrm{E}-01$ | $0.1627 E-01$ | 2.36 |
| (P) R | 7, E , 1) | 8 | E | 01 | 5 | 1443.21574 | 0.7450E-02 | 0.7003E-02 | -6.00 |
| (R)P | $(11, A+, 0)$ | 10 | A+ | 1 | nu5 | 1443.25944 | 0.1440E-01 | 0.1502E-01 | 4.29 |
| (R)P | $(28, E, 1)$ | 27 | E | 21 | nu5 | 1444.64432 | 0.5260E-02 | 0.5628E-02 | 6.99 |
| (P) R | $(28, E, 2)$ | 29 | E | 1-1 | nu5 | 1444.87932 | 0.9530E-02 | 0.9222E-02 | -3.24 |
| (R)P | $(15, E, 1)$ | 14 | E | 2 | nu5 | 1452.68116 | 0.7090E-02 | 0.7302E-02 | 2.99 |
| (R)R | ( 3,A+, 0 ) | 4 | A+ | 11 | nu5 | 1452.73959 | 0.1070E-01 | 0.1044E-01 | -2.46 |
| (R)R | $(12, A+, 0)$ | 13 | A+ | 11 | u5 | 1458.64851 | 0.2520E-01 | 0.2533E-01 | 0.50 |
| (R)R | $(15, A+, 0)$ | 16 | A+ | , | nu5 | 1460.65316 | 0.2750E-01 | 0.2770E-01 | 0.73 |
| (R)R | ( $16, A+, 0)$ | 17 | A+ | 11 | nu5 | 1461.32513 | 0.2780E-01 | 0.2815E-01 | 1.24 |
| (R)R | 8, E , 1) | 9 | E | 21 | u5 | 1467.94322 | 0.1160E-01 | 0.1173E-01 | 1.09 |
| (R)R | 9, E , 1) | 10 | E | 21 | 5 | 1468.58988 | 0.1210E-01 | 0.1243E-01 | 2.72 |
| (R)R | $(12, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 13 | E |  | nu5 | 1470.53443 | 0.1430E-01 | 0.1412E-01 | -1.29 |
| (R)R | ( $40, A+, 0)$ | 41 | A+ | 11 | nu5 | 1477.96040 | 0.9770E-02 | 0.9499E-02 | -2.77 |
| (R) R | $(24, E, 1)$ | 25 | E | 21 | nu5 | 1478.37941 | 0.1390E-01 | 0.1382E-01 | -0.59 |
| (R)R | $(25, E, 1)$ | 26 | E | 21 | nu5 | 1479.03768 | 0.1390E-01 | 0.1337E-01 | -3.81 |
| (R)R | 7,E , 2) | 8 | L |  | nu5 | 1479.18452 | 0.1260E-01 | 0.1229E-01 | -2.43 |
| (R)P | $(22, E, 4)$ | 21 | E |  | nu5 | 1483.61714 | 0.3610E-02 | 0.3643E-02 | 0.93 |
| (R)R | $(33, E, 1)$ | 34 | E | 2 | nu5 | 1484.32695 | 0.9230E-02 | 0.8876E-02 | -3.84 |
| (R)R | $(15, E, 2)$ | 16 | E | 3 | nu5 | 1484.36231 | 0.1530E-01 | 0.1535E-01 | 0.30 |
| (R)R | (20, E , 2) | 21 | E |  | nu5 | 1487.61895 | 0.1480E-01 | 0.1488E-01 | 0.52 |
| (R)R | $(38, E, 1)$ | 39 | E | 2 | nu5 | 1487.65218 | 0.6290E-02 | 0.6064E-02 | -3.59 |
| (R) R | (21, E , 2) | 22 | E | 31 | nu5 | 1488.27203 | 0.1480E-01 | 0.1458E-01 | -1.47 |
| (R) R | 3, A , 3) |  | A | 4 | nu5 | 1488.39515 | 0.2280E-01 | 0.2279E-01 | -0.04 |
| R)R | 26,E , 2) | 27 | E | 31 | nu5 | 1491.54565 | 0.1250E-01 | 0.1238E-01 | -0.98 |



[^0]TABLE 6.

## Comparison Between Measured and Calculated Intensities for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{\mathbf{8 1}} \mathrm{Br}^{(\mathrm{a})}$

| $\overline{\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{Br}}$ | isotope (I) |  | (II) |  | (III) | (IV) | (V) | (VI) | (VII) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Q)P | ( $44, A, 6$ ) | 43 | A | 60 | nu2 | 1274.40479 | 0.1150E-01 | 0.1115E-01 | -3.05 |
| (Q)P | ( $40, A+, 0)$ | 39 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1277.28621 | 0.1910E-01 | 0.1951E-01 | 2.16 |
| (Q)P | $(40, E, 1)$ | 39 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1277.30067 | 0.1840E-01 | $0.1906 \mathrm{E}-01$ | 3.60 |
| (Q)P | ( $40, \mathrm{E}, 2)$ | 39 | E | 20 | nu2 | 1277.34314 | 0.1680E-01 | 0.1777E-01 | 5.78 |
| (Q)P | $(39, A+0)$ | 38 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1278.07716 | 0.2130E-01 | 0.2149E-01 | 0.89 |
| (Q)P | $(39, E, 1)$ | 38 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1278.09204 | 0.2040E-01 | 0.2099E-01 | 2.90 |
| (Q)P | (39,E , 2) | 38 | E | 20 | nu2 | 1278.13590 | 0.2050E-01 | 0.1957E-01 | -4.55 |
| (Q)P | $(38, A+, 0)$ | 37 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1278.86445 | 0.2280E-01 | 0.2358E-01 | 3.42 |
| (Q)P | $(38, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 37 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1278.87976 | 0.2260E-01 | 0.2303E-01 | 1.91 |
| (Q)P | $(36, A+, 0)$ | 35 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1280.42804 | 0.2680E-01 | 0.2806E-01 | 4.72 |
| (Q)P | $(36, E, 1)$ | 35 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1280.44422 | 0.2700E-01 | 0.2741E-01 | 1.52 |
| (Q)P | ( $35, \mathrm{E}, 2)$ | 34 | E |  | nu2 | 1281.26991 | 0.2740E-01 | 0.2770E-01 | 1.08 |
| (Q)P | $(34, E, 1)$ | 33 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1281.99378 | 0.3130E-01 | 0.3212E-01 | 2.62 |
| (Q)P | ( $34, \mathrm{E}, 2)$ | 33 | E | 20 | nu2 | 1282.04408 | 0.2880E-01 | 0.2992E-01 | 3.88 |
| (Q)P | $(32, A, 6)$ | 31 | A | 60 | nu2 | 1284.07296 | 0.3240E-01 | 0.3244E-01 | 0.12 |
| (Q)P | ( $31, \mathrm{~A}, 6)$ | 30 | A | 60 | nu2 | 1284.85223 | 0.3280E-01 | 0.3453E-01 | 5.28 |
| (Q)P | $(29, E, 5)$ | 28 | E |  | nu2 | 1286.22660 | 0.2460E-01 | 0.2506E-01 | 1.85 |
| (Q)P | $(28, E, 4)$ | 27 | E | 40 | nu2 | 1286.83011 | 0.3370E-01 | 0.3268E-01 | -3.02 |
| (Q)P | ( $26, \mathrm{~A}, 9)$ | 25 | A | 90 | nu2 | 1289.16711 | 0.1560E-01 | 0.1553E-01 | -0.47 |
| (Q)P | ( $22, \mathrm{E}, 4$ ) | 21 | E | 0 | nu2 | 1291.28002 | 0.3850E-01 | 0.4016E-01 | 4.32 |
| (Q)P | ( $21, \mathrm{E}, 4$ ) | 20 | E |  | nu2 | 1292.00716 | 0.4020E-01 | 0.4081E-01 | 1.52 |
| (Q)P | $(10, E, 4)$ | 9 | E | 40 | nu2 | 1299.72537 | 0.2840E-01 | 0.2845E-01 | 0.17 |
| (Q)P | (10, E , 5) | 9 | E | 50 | nu2 | 1299.93533 | 0.2080E-01 | 0.2066E-01 | -0.69 |
| (Q)P | ( $9, A+0)$ | 8 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1300.02527 | 0.4250E-01 | 0.4540E-01 | 6.83 |
| (Q)P | ( $9, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 8 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1300.04877 | 0.4100E-01 | 0.4381E-01 | 6.86 |
| (Q)P | ( 9, E , 2) | 8 | E | 20 | nu2 | 1300.11921 | 0.3770E-01 | 0.3934E-01 | 4.35 |
| (Q)P | (10, A , 6) | 9 | A | 60 | nu2 | 1300.19191 | 0.2800E-01 | 0.2742E-01 | -2.06 |
| (Q)P | ( 9, E , 5) | 8 | E |  | nu2 | 1300.61248 | 0.1810E-01 | 0.1763E-01 | -2.62 |
| (Q)P | ( $8, A+0)$ | 7 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1300.69472 | 0.3900E-01 | 0.4141E-01 | 6.17 |
| (Q)P | ( 8, E , 1) | 7 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1300.71832 | 0.3750E-01 | 0.3982E-01 | 6.20 |
| (Q)P | 5, A , 3) | 4 | A | 30 | nu2 | 1302.89255 | 0.3420E-01 | 0.2849E-01 | -16.71 |
| (Q)P | ( 4, E , 2) | 3 | E | 20 | nu2 | 1303.42625 | 0.1660E-01 | 0.1520E-01 | -8.46 |
| (Q)R | ( 3, A+, 0) | 4 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1308.40091 | 0.2100E-01 | 0.2210E-01 | 5.23 |
| (Q) R | ( 3, E , 1) | 4 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1308.42468 | 0.2110E-01 | 0.2024E-01 | -4.09 |
| (Q)R | ( $4, A+0)$ | 5 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1309.01555 | 0.2580E-01 | 0.2722E-01 | 5.49 |
| (Q)R | ( 4, E , 1) | 5 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1309.03922 | 0.2510E-01 | 0.2552E-01 | 1.68 |
| (Q)R | ( 4, E , 2) | 5 | E |  | nu2 | 1309.11020 | 0.2100E-01 | 0.2081E-01 | -0.90 |
| (Q) R | ( $21, \mathrm{~A}+, 0$ ) | 22 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1318.80861 | 0.5600E-01 | 0.5791E-01 | 3.42 |
| (Q)R | $(21, E, 1)$ | 22 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1318.82896 | 0.5270E-01 | 0.5643E-01 | 7.07 |
| (Q)R | $(25, E, 4)$ | 26 | E | 40 | nu2 | 1321.22845 | 0.3360E-01 | 0.3362E-01 | 0.07 |
| (Q)R | ( $24, \mathrm{E}, 7)$ | 25 | E | 70 | nu2 | 1321.25138 | 0.1480E-01 | 0.1479E-01 | -0.08 |
| (Q)R | ( $26, \mathrm{E}, 7)$ | 27 | E | 70 | nu2 | 1322.24428 | 0.1330E-01 | 0.1367E-01 | 2.79 |
| (Q)R | ( $27, \mathrm{E}, 4)$ | 28 | E | 40 | nu2 | 1322.25176 | 0.3080E-01 | 0.3065E-01 | -0.49 |
| (Q)R | ( $28, \mathrm{E}, 7)$ | 29 | E | 70 | nu2 | 1323.21720 | 0.1200E-01 | 0.1238E-01 | 3.20 |
| (Q) R | $(29, E$, 4) | 30 | E | 40 | nu2 | 1323.25720 | 0.2730E-01 | 0.2743E-01 | 0.49 |
| (Q)R | ( $29, \mathrm{E}, 7)$ | 30 | E | 70 | nu2 | 1323.69623 | 0.1240E-01 | 0.1170E-01 | -5.62 |
| (Q)R | $(30, E, 4)$ | 31 | E | 40 | nu2 | 1323.75323 | 0.2560E-01 | 0.2579E-01 | 0.73 |
| (Q)R | (29,A-, 9) | 30 | A | 90 | nu2 | 1323.76363 | 0.9740E-02 | 0.9684E-02 | -0.57 |
| (Q)R | (29, E , 8) | 30 | E | 80 | nu2 | 1323.79841 | 0.8020E-02 | $0.7836 \mathrm{E}-02$ | -2.30 |
| (Q)R | $(33, E, 5)$ | 34 | E | 50 | nu2 | 1325.33400 | 0.1640E-01 | 0.1661E-01 | 1.29 |
| (Q)R | ( $40, \mathrm{E}, 4$ ) | 41 | E | 40 | nu2 | 1328.47071 | 0.1140E-01 | $0.1112 \mathrm{E}-01$ | -2.42 |
| (Q)R | ( $43, A+, 0)$ | 44 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1329.64147 | 0.1220E-01 | 0.1201E-01 | -1.52 |
| (Q)R | $(43, E, 1)$ | 44 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1329.65284 | 0.1200E-01 | $0.1172 \mathrm{E}-01$ | -2.36 |
| (Q)R | $(45, A, 6)$ | 46 | A | 60 | nu2 | 1330.74695 | 0.7810E-02 | 0.7590E-02 | -2.82 |
| (Q)R | ( $50, A+0)$ | 51 | A+ | 00 | nu2 | 1332.65828 | 0.5090E-02 | 0.4960E-02 | -2.55 |
| (Q)R | (50, E , 1) | 51 | E | 10 | nu2 | 1332.66609 | 0.5260E-02 | 0.4837E-02 | -8.03 |
| (Q)R | (50, E , 2) | 51 | E | 20 | nu2 | 1332.68810 | 0.4630E-02 | 0.4486E-02 | -3.11 |
| (Q)R | (50, A , 3) | 51 | A | 30 | nu2 | 1332.72014 | 0.8150E-02 | $0.7908 \mathrm{E}-02$ | -2.97 |
| (P)P | $(34, A, 6)$ | 33 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1355.77039 | 0.3400E-02 | 0.3548E-02 | 4.35 |
| (P)P | $(33, A, 6)$ | 32 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1356.33627 | 0.3770E-02 | 0.3946E-02 | 4.66 |


| (P)P | ( $27, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 26 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1359.77221 | 0.6710E-02 | 0.6911E-02 | 3.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (P)P | $(26, A, 6)$ | 25 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1360.35179 | 0.7080E-02 | 0.7490E-02 | 5.80 |
| (P)P | $(22, A, 6)$ | 21 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1362.69065 | 0.9690E-02 | 0.9951E-02 | 2.69 |
| (P)Q | $(24, \mathrm{E}, 7)$ | 24 | , | 6-1 | nu | 1364.29103 | 0.6620E-02 | 0.6669E-02 | 0.74 |
| (P)Q | (25, E , 7) | 25 | , | 6-1 | u5 | 1364.35274 | 0.6320E-02 | 0.6459E-02 | 2.20 |
| (P)Q | $(28, \mathrm{E}, 7)$ | 28 | E | 6-1 | u5 | 1364.55055 | 0.5770E-02 | 0.5690E-02 | -1.39 |
| (P)Q | ( $29, \mathrm{E}, 7)$ | 29 | E | 6-1 | nu5 | 1364.62061 | 0.5350E-02 | 0.5402E-02 | 0.97 |
| (P)P | $(17, A, 6)$ | 16 | A | 5-1 | nu5 | 1365.66135 | 0.1530E-01 | 0.1303E-01 | -14.86 |
| (P)P | $(13, A, 6)$ | 12 | A | 5-1 | 5 | 1368.07683 | $0.1720 \mathrm{E}-01$ | $0.1511 \mathrm{E}-01$ | -12.16 |
| (P)Q | $(38, A, 6)$ | 38 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1377.67895 | 0.7360E-02 | 0.7387E-02 | 0.37 |
| (P)Q | $(39, A, 6)$ | 39 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1377.75343 | 0.6410E-02 | $0.6727 E-02$ | 4.95 |
| (P)P | (21, E , 4) | 20 | E | 3-1 | 5 | 1388.18494 | 0.7740E-02 | 0.7569E-02 | -2.21 |
| (P)P | ( $33, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 32 | A | 2-1 | u5 | 1393.34945 | 0.7010E-02 | $0.7313 \mathrm{E}-02$ | . 32 |
| (P) R | ( $25, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 26 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1393.40968 | 0.8730E-02 | 0.8368E-02 | -4.14 |
| (P)R | ( $26, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 27 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1394.09754 | 0.8530E-02 | 0.8278E-02 | -2.95 |
| (P)P | (11, E , 4) | 10 | E | 3-1 | u5 | 1394.28993 | 0.1000E-01 | 0.9793E-02 | -2.07 |
| (P)P | ( $29, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 28 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1395.71815 | 0.1000E-01 | 0.1026E-01 | 2.59 |
| (P) P | $(27, A, 3)$ | 26 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1396.91084 | 0.1150E-01 | 0.1187E-01 | 3.18 |
| (P)P | (16, A , 3) | 15 | A | 2-1 | u5 | 1403.57270 | 0.1860E-01 | 0.1941E-01 | 4.34 |
| (P)P | $(15, A, 3)$ | 14 | A | 2 | 5 | 1404.18699 | 0.1960E-01 | 0.1973E-01 | . 64 |
| (P) R | ( $23, \mathrm{E}, 5$ ) | 24 | E | 4-1 | u5 | 1404.50316 | 0.5590E-02 | 0.5601E-02 | 0.19 |
| (P)P | (11, A , 3) | 10 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1406.65864 | 0.1960E-01 | 0.1993E-01 | 1.71 |
| (P) R | ( $44, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 45 | A | 5-1 | u5 | 1406.71127 | 0.3100E-02 | 0.2806E-02 | -9.49 |
| (P) P | (31, E , 2) | 30 | E | 1 | nu5 | 1406.74303 | 0.4650E-02 | 0.4695E-02 | 96 |
| (P) R | $(29, E, 5)$ | 0 | E | 4-1 | nu5 | 1408.58685 | 0.5100E-02 | 0.5000E-02 | -1.95 |
| (P) R | $(12, \mathrm{E}, 4)$ | 13 | E | 3-1 | u5 | 1409.60025 | 0.4850E-02 | 0.4679E-02 | -3.52 |
| (P) P | $(26, E, 2)$ | 25 | E | 1-1 | nu5 | 1409.74401 | 0.6370E-02 | 0.6714E-02 | 5.41 |
| (P) R | (35, E , 5) | 36 | E | 4-1 | u5 | 1412.71537 | 0.3720E-02 | 0.3694E-02 | -0.70 |
| (P) P | (21, E , 2) | 20 | E | 1-1 | 45 | 1412.77650 | 0.8270E-02 | 0.8612E-02 | 14 |
| (P) R | (10, A , 3) | 11 | A | 2-1 | u5 | 1420.65839 | 0.1070E-01 | 0.1059E-01 | -1.06 |
| (P)P | ( $28, \mathrm{E}, 1$ ) | 27 | E | 01 | nu5 | 1420.67807 | 0.5680E-02 | 0.5881E-02 | 3.54 |
| (P)P | (27, E , 1) | 26 | E | 01 | u5 | 1421.28363 | 0.6480E-02 | 0.6277E-02 | -3.14 |
| (P) R | $(11, \mathrm{~A}, 3)$ | 12 | A | 2-1 | u5 | 1421.31025 | 0.1220E-01 | 0.1185E-01 | -2.88 |
| (P) R | (30, E , 4) | 31 | E | 3-1 | u5 | 1421.62683 | 0.6160E-02 | 0.6003E-02 | -2.55 |
| (P)P | (22, E , 1) | 21 | E | 01 | nu5 | 1424.32778 | 0.7760E-02 | 0.8108E-02 | 4.49 |
| (P) R | ( $34, \mathrm{E}, 4$ ) | 35 | E | 3-1 | nu5 | 1424.34996 | 0.5420E-02 | 0.4840E-02 | -10.70 |
| (P)P | (21, E , 1) | 0 | E | 01 | u5 | 1424.93994 | 0.7980E-02 | 0.8409E-02 | 5.38 |
| (P) R | ( 35, E , 4) | 36 | E | 3-1 | u5 | 1425.03319 | $0.4830 \mathrm{E}-02$ | $0.4535 \mathrm{E}-02$ | -6.11 |
| (P)R | ( $22, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 23 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1428.55997 | 0.1790E-01 | 0.1803E-01 | 0.72 |
| (R)P | ( $36, A+, 0)$ | 35 | A+ | 1 | nu5 | 1428.57803 | 0.5850E-02 | 0.6246E-02 | 6.76 |
| (P) R | $(23, A, 3)$ | 24 | A | 2-1 | u5 | 1429.22578 | 0.1800E-01 | 0.1786E-01 | -0.75 |
| (P)P | $(14, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 13 | E | 01 | nu5 | 1429.25670 | 0.8950E-02 | 0.9230E-02 | 3.13 |
| (P)P | $(12, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 11 | E | 0 | nu5 | 1430.50029 | 0.8580E-02 | 0.8903E-02 | 3.76 |
| (P) R | ( $43, \mathrm{E}, 4$ ) | 44 | A | 3-1 | u5 | 1430.52869 | 0.2360E-02 | 0.2319E-02 | -1.74 |
| (P) R | ( $25, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 26 | A | 2-1 | nu5 | 1430.56049 | 0.1730E-01 | 0.1724E-01 | -0.35 |
| (R)P | ( $31, A+, 0)$ | 30 | A+ | 11 | u5 | 1431.41349 | 0.8950E-02 | $0.9535 \mathrm{E}-02$ | 6.54 |
| (P) R | 8, E , 2) | 9 | E | 1-1 | nu5 | 1431.64009 | 0.5760E-02 | 0.5725E-02 | -0.60 |
| (P)P | (10, E , 1) | 9 | E | 01 | u5 | 1431.74848 | 0.8220E-02 | 0.8276E-02 | 0.69 |
| (R)P | ( $27, A+0)$ | 26 | A+ | 11 | nu5 | 1433.71858 | 0.1180E-01 | 0.1240E-01 | 5.12 |
| (R)P | ( $21, A+, 0)$ | 20 | A+ |  | nu5 | 1437.23853 | 0.1590E-01 | 0.1598E-01 | 0.52 |
| (P) R | (35, A , 3) | 36 | A | 2-1 | u5 | 1437.29000 | 0.1090E-01 | 0.1072E-01 | -1.68 |
| (P) R | 7, E , 1) | 8 | E | 0 | 5 | 1443.18273 | 0.6830E-02 | 0.6861E-02 | 0.45 |
| (R)P | $(11, A+, 0)$ | 10 | A+ | 11 | u5 | 1443.27310 | 0.1430E-01 | 0.1471E-01 | 2.88 |
| (R)P | ( $28, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 27 | E | 21 | nu5 | 1444.69719 | 0.5440E-02 | 0.5531E-02 | 1.67 |
| (P) R | $(28, \mathrm{E}, 2)$ | 29 | E | 1-1 | nu5 | 1444.78930 | 0.9520E-02 | $0.9077 \mathrm{E}-02$ | -4.66 |
| (R)P | ( $15, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 14 | E | 2 | nu5 | 1452.70567 | 0.6960E-02 | 0.7150E-02 | 2.73 |
| (R)R | $3, A+, 0)$ | 4 | A+ | 11 | u5 | 1452.71774 | 0.1050E-01 | 0.1021E-01 | -2.75 |
| (R)R | $(12, A+, 0)$ | 13 | A+ | 1 | nu5 | 1458.60327 | 0.2460E-01 | 0.2479E-01 | 0.78 |
| (R)R | $(15, A+, 0)$ | 16 | A+ | 1 | nu5 | 1460. 59979 | 0.2690E-01 | 0.2713E-01 | 0.84 |
| (R)R | $(16, A+0)$ | 17 | A+ | 1 | U5 | 1461.26901 | 0.2670E-01 | 0.2757E-01 | 3.25 |
| (R)R | 8, E , 1) | 9 | E | 2 | u5 | 1467.91017 | 0.1130E-01 | 0.1146E-01 | 1.43 |
| (R)R | 9, E , 1) | 10 | E | 21 | nu5 | 1468.55427 | 0.1210E-01 | 0.1215E-01 | 0.41 |
| (R)R | ( $27, \mathrm{~A}+, 0$ ) | 28 | A+ | 11 | nu5 | 1468.74729 | 0.2320E-01 | 0.2299E-01 | -0.91 |
| (R)R | $(12, E, 1)$ | 13 | E | 2 | u5 | 1470.49118 | 0.1370E-01 | 0.1380E-01 | 0.74 |
| (R)R | ( $40, \mathrm{~A}+, 0$ ) | 41 | A+ | 1 | nu5 | 1477.83330 | 0.1000E-01 | 0.9373E-02 | -6.27 |
| (R)R | 5, E , 2) | 6 | E | 3 | nu5 | 1477.87236 | 0.1150E-01 | 0.1073E-01 | -6.74 |
| (R)R | ( 6, E , 2) | 7 |  | 31 | nu5 | 1478.51334 | 0.1190E-01 | 0.1137E-01 | -4.43 |
| (R)R | $(25, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 26 | E | 21 | nu5 | 1478.96023 | 0.1300E-01 | 0.1311E-01 | 0.81 |


| E , 2) | 8 | E | 31 | nu5 | 1479.15501 | 0.1210E-01 | 0.1200E-01 | -0.82 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (R)R $(48, A+, 0)$ | 49 | A+ |  | nu5 | 1483.53552 | 0.4100E-02 | 0.3935E-02 | -4.03 |
| (R)R $(32, E, 1)$ | 33 | E |  | nu | 1483.56710 | 0.9470E-02 | 0.9303E-02 | -1.77 |
| (R)R $(15, \mathrm{E}, 2)$ | 16 | E |  | nu5 | 1484.31241 | 0.1500E-01 | 0.1499E-01 | -0.05 |
| (R)R $(38, \mathrm{E}, 1)$ | 39 | E |  | nu5 | 1487.53893 | 0.6620E-02 | 0.5970E-02 | -9.82 |
| (R)R (20, E , 2) | 21 | E |  | nu5 | 1487.55600 | 0.1440E-01 | 0.1455E-01 | 1.03 |
| (R)R ( 3, A , 3) | 4 | A |  | nu5 | 1488.37648 | 0.2160E-01 | 0.2222E-01 | 2.86 |
| R)R ( $44, \mathrm{E}, 1$ ) | 45 | E |  | u5 | 1491.52973 | 0.3390E-02 | 0.3363E-02 | -0.79 |
| (R)R ( 8, A , 3) | 9 | A |  | , 5 | 1491.57782 | 0.2590E-01 | 0.2605E-01 | 0.59 |
| (R)R $(26, A, 3)$ | 27 | A | 41 | nu5 | 1503.21442 | 0.2190E-01 | 0.2244E-01 | 2.45 |
| (R)R ( 8, E , 4) | 9 | E |  | nu5 | 1503.24838 | $0.1280 \mathrm{E}-01$ | 0.1271E-01 | -0.73 |
| (R)R (13, E , 4) | 14 | E |  | nu5 | 1506.45869 | 0.1390E-01 | 0.1343E-01 | -3.40 |
| R)R ( $31, A, 3$ ) | 32 | A |  | nu5 | 1506.47203 | 0.1700E-01 | 0.1702E-01 | . 12 |
| (R)R $(39, A, 3)$ | 40 | A |  | nu | 1511.70032 | $0.1010 \mathrm{E}-01$ | 0.9037E-02 | -10.52 |
| (R)R $(41, A, 3)$ | 42 | A | 41 | nu5 | 1513.00974 | 0.7620E-02 | 0.7445E-02 | -2.29 |
| (R)R $(43, A, 3)$ | 44 | A | 41 | u5 | 1514.31987 | 0.6360E-02 | 0.6049E-02 | -4.89 |
| R)R ( $48, \mathrm{~A}, 3$ ) | 49 | A |  | 5 | 1517.59750 | 0.3370E-02 | 0.3390E-02 | . 59 |
| (R)R ( $13, \mathrm{E}, 5$ ) | 14 | E |  | u5 | 1518.01087 | $0.1220 \mathrm{E}-01$ | 0.1189E-01 | -2.56 |
| (R)R ( $31, \mathrm{E}, 4$ ) | 32 | E |  | nu5 | 1518.09806 | 0.7690E-02 | 0.7444E-02 | -3.20 |
| (R)R $(14, E, 5)$ | 15 | E |  | nu5 | 1518.65299 | 0.1210E-01 | $0.1182 \mathrm{E}-01$ | -2.28 |
| (R)R $(32, E, 4)$ | 33 | E |  | u5 | 1518.74755 | 0.7140E-02 | 0.6951E-02 | -2.64 |
| (R)R ( $15, \mathrm{E}, 5$ ) | 16 | E |  | nu5 | 1519.29543 | 0.1160E-01 | 0.1172E-01 | 1.05 |
| (R)R ( $33, \mathrm{E}, 4$ ) | 34 | E |  | 4 | 1519.39730 | 0.6780E-02 | 0.6468E-02 | -4.60 |
| (R)R $(22, E, 5)$ | 23 | E | 61 | nu5 | 1523.80159 | 0.9830E-02 | 0.9965E-02 | 1.38 |
| (R)R ( $7, \mathrm{~A}, 6)$ | 8 | A |  | nu5 | 1525.60865 | $0.1990 \mathrm{E}-01$ | 0.2043E-01 | 2.66 |
| R) $\mathrm{R}(\mathrm{8,A}, 6)$ | 9 | A |  | nu5 | 1526.24761 | 0.2030E-01 | 0.2038E-01 | 0.40 |
| (R)R ( 9, A , 6) | 10 | A |  | nu5 | 1526.88691 | $0.1960 \mathrm{E}-01$ | $0.2035 \mathrm{E}-01$ | 3.84 |
| (R)R ( $11, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 12 | A | 71 | nu5 | 1528.16647 | 0.1980E-01 | 0.2025E-01 | 2.28 |
| (R)R $(12, A, 6)$ | 13 | A | 71 | nu5 | 1528.80667 | 0.2010E-01 | 0.2015E-01 | 0.23 |
| (R)R ( $14, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 15 | A | 71 | nu5 | 1530.08798 | 0.1980E-01 | 0.1979E-01 | -0.07 |
| (R)R ( $19, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 20 | A | 71 | nu5 | 1533.29555 | 0.1830E-01 | 0.1791E-01 | -2.11 |
| (R)R ( $22, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 23 | A | 71 | nu5 | 1535.22243 | $0.1640 \mathrm{E}-01$ | $0.1620 \mathrm{E}-01$ | -1.22 |
| (R)R ( $29, \mathrm{~A}, 6$ ) | 30 | A | 71 | nu5 | 1539.72182 | 0.1110E-01 | 0.1132E-01 | 1.99 |

${ }^{(a)}$ Symmetry labeling used are A+, A- (A when both the components are unresolved), E following the notation of Ref.[13].
(I) Lower state quantum numbers.
(II) Upper state quantum numbers.
(III) Vibrational band.
(IV) Observed positions (in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ).
(V) Observed intensities in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$ at 296 K . (VI) Calculated intensities in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$ at 296 K . (VII) (Icalc-Iobs)/Iobs in \%.

## TABLE 7.

Vibrational Band Strength of $v_{2}$ and $v_{5}$ of $\mathrm{CH}_{3}{ }^{79 / 81} \mathrm{Br}$ (in cm${ }^{-2}$ atm $^{-1}$ at 296 K )

| Ref. | This work $^{(\mathrm{a})}$ | $[9]$ | $[8]$ | $[7]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $S_{2}$ | $55.7(0.6)$ | $57.9(2.1)^{(\mathrm{b})}$ | $52.5(1.5)^{(\mathrm{b})}$ | $61.9^{(\mathrm{b})}$ |
| $S_{5}$ | $39.2(0.3)$ | $47.4(2.1)^{(\mathrm{b})}$ | $45.0(1.2)^{(\mathrm{b})}$ | $36.6^{(\mathrm{b})}$ |
| $S_{2}+S_{5}$ | $94.9(0.9)$ | $105.3(4.2)^{(\mathrm{b})}$ | $97.5(2.7)^{(\mathrm{b})}$ | $98.5^{(\mathrm{b})}$ |
| $S_{2} / S_{5}$ | $1.42(3)$ | $1.2(1)$ | $1.17(6)$ | 1.7 |
| $\left(d_{2} / d_{5}\right)^{79}$ | $1.773(8)$ |  |  |  |
| $\left(d_{2} / d_{5}\right)^{81}$ | $1.772(9)$ |  |  |  |
| $\sum I_{2}$ | $54.3(2.2)^{(\mathrm{c})}$ |  |  |  |
| $\sum I_{5}$ | $39.5(1.6)^{(\mathrm{c})}$ |  |  |  |

${ }^{(a)}$ The quoted errors are one standard deviation.
${ }^{\text {(b) }}$ Integrated band intensities $S_{v} \cong A / Q_{v}$ (see Eq. (5) and text).
${ }^{(c)}$ Sum of all calculated single-line intensities $\sum I_{i}$ in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} . \mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ at 296 K . The sum of all calculated single-line intensities has been given with an estimated $4 \%$ precision (see Table 4).

## Knabia Tchana et al., Figure 1


wavenumber in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$


Kwabia Tchana et al., Figure 3





[^0]:    ${ }^{(a)}$ Symmetry labeling used are A+, A- (A when both the components are unresolved), E following the notation of Ref.[13].
    (I) Lower state quantum numbers.
    (II) Upper state quantum numbers.
    (III) Vibrational band.
    (IV) Observed positions (in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ).
    (V) Observed intensities in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} \cdot \mathrm{~atm}^{-1}$ at 296 K .
    (VI) Calculated intensities in $\mathrm{cm}^{-2} . \mathrm{atm}^{-1}$ at 296 K .
    (VII) (Icalc-Iobs)/Iobs in \%.

