

TOPOLOGICAL STUDY OF CHEMICAL BONDS UNDER PRESSURE: Hydrogen as a model case

Vanessa Labet

Paris, FRANCE









1. Intro - Molecular solids under pressure: generalities

2. Solid Hydrogen under pressure : focus on the H----H distances (intra + intermolecular) - Cornell

3. Study of a non periodic model for solid H under pressure: topological tools (NCI + ELF)





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: topological tools (NCI + ELF)





Molecular solids under Pressure :

T = 0K Enthalpy H = E + pV

Finding ways of decreasing volume V

- 1. Squeezing the « van der Waals space »
- 2. Increasing coordination numbers
- 3. Shortening bonds
- 4. Electrons moving off their atoms

Grochala et al. Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2007, 46, 3620-3642



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Polymerization

What about Hydrogen ?



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Polymerization

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	[1.008]	2	1	Key:									13	14	15	16	17	4.0026
	3 Li 6.94 [6.938, 6.997]	4 Be beryllium 9.0122		atomic num Symbo name conventional atomic standard atomic	S 6 7 8 9 7 Immbol name Carbon Carbon NO F No No F No No											10 Ne neon 20.180		
	11 Na sodium	12 Mg magnesium 24.305	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13 Al aluminium	14 Si silicon 28.085	15 P phosphorus	16 S sulfur 32.06	17 Cl chlorine 35.45	18 Ar argon
	19 K potassium	20 Ca calcium	21 Sc scandium	22 Ti titanium	23 V vanadium	24 Cr chromium	25 Mn manganese	26 Fe iron	27 Co cobalt	28 Ni nickel	29 Cu copper	30 Zn zinc	31 Ga gallium	32 Ge germanium	33 As arsenic	34 Se selenium	35 Br bromine	36 Kr krypton
	39.098	40.078(4)	44.956	47.867	50.942	51.996	54.938	55.845(2)	58.933	58.693	63.546(3)	65.38(2)	69.723	72.630(8)	74.922	78.971(8)	79.904 [79.901, 79.907]	83.798(2)
	37 Rb rubidium	38 Sr strontium	39 Y yttrium	40 Zr zirconium	41 Nb niobium	42 Mo molybdenum	43 Tc technetium	44 Ru ruthenium	45 Rh rhodium	46 Pd palladium	47 Ag silver	48 Cd cadmium	49 In indium	Sn tin	51 Sb antimony	52 Te tellurium	53 I iodine	54 Xe xenon
	85.468	87.62	88.906	91.224(2)	92.906	95.95		101.07(2)	102.91	106.42	107.87	112.41	114.82	118.71	121.76	127.60(3)	126.90	131.29
	CS caesium	56 Ba barium	57-71 Ianthanoids	72 Hf hafnium	73 Ta tantalum	74 W tungsten	75 Re rhenium	76 OS osmium	iridium	78 Pt platinum	79 Au gold	Hg mercury	81 TI thallium	Pb lead	Bi bismuth	Po polonium	At astatine	86 Rn radon
	132.91	137.33		178.49(2)	180.95	183.84	186.21	190.23(3)	192.22	195.08	196.97	200.59	[204.38, 204.39]	207.2	208.98			
	87 Fr francium	Ra radium	89-103 actinoids	104 Rf rutherfordium	105 Db dubnium	106 Sg seaborgium	107 Bh bohrium	108 HS hassium	109 Mt meitnerium	110 Ds darmstadtium	111 Rg roentgenium	Cn copernicium	113 Nh nihonium	114 FI flerovium	115 MC moscovium	116 Lv livermorium	117 Ts tennessine	oganesson
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				89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103
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Same behavior expected (P-induced polymerization)

What about Hydrogen ?



Same behavior expected (P-induced polymerization)

 Structural modifications induced by P not so easy to characterize experimentally (weak X-ray scattering)

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What about Hydrogen ?



Same behavior expected (P-induced polymerization)

- Structural modifications induced by P not so easy to characterize experimentally (weak X-ray scattering)
- P required to induce H₂ dissociation much higher than expected initially

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What about Hydrogen ?

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	1 H hydrogen					_												2 He helium
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	[6.938, 6.997] 11 Na sodium 22,990	9.0122 12 Mg magnesium 24.305 [24.304, 24.307]	3	standard atomic v	veight 5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13 AI aluminium 26.982	14 Si silicon 28.085 [28.084.28.086]	15 P phosphorus 30.974	16 S sulfur 32.06 (32.059, 32.076)	18.998 17 Cl chlorine 35.45 [35.446, 35.457]	20.180 18 Ar argon 39.948
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			05	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103
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Double motivation

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• H-H bond : prototypical 2e-2c covalent bond

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A key to understand the behavior of bonds under pressure

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		T \(1)		138.91	140.12	140.91	144.24	02	150.36(2)	151.96	157.25(3)	158.93	162.50	164.93	167.26	168.93	173.05	174.97
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> A key to understand the behavior of bonds under pressure

- « Polymerized H » should be a metal with appealing properties
 - High T superconductor
 - Metallic superfluid

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INTERNATIONAL UNION OF PURE AND APPLIED CHEMISTRY AC actinum 22104 22001 91 92 93 94 95 96 96 97 98 99 91 000 101 101 102 PURE AND APPLIED CHEMISTRY 22104 22001 2000 100 101 101 102 100 100 101 101								102 No nobelium	103 Lr lawrencium									

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Holly Grail of physics



Source : I.F. Silvera/Harvard Univ. - Adapted by E. Cononver and J. Hirshfeld (https://www.sciencenews.org/article/pressure-make-metallic-hydrogen)



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- 4 molecular phases known at low T, as P ↗
 - I: H₂ freely rotating
 - II : orientational ordering
 - III : softening of the intramolecular vib



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- Use of numerical simulation coupled to evolutionary algorithms to propose structural models
 - Many structures very close in enthalpy
 - Interactions responsible for the coesion are essentially the same
 - Essentially the same response to P

C. J. Pickard and R. J. Needs, Nature Physics, 2007, 3, 473



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Intermolecular



Intermolecular



Intermolecular

Intramolecular



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Intermolecular

Intramolecular



Intermolecular

Intramolecular



Intermolecular

Intramolecular



2 competing effects influencing the H₂ bond length

Bond shortening - The physical wall

Diatomic molecule

Potential Energy Curve



Bond shortening - The physical wall



Bond shortening - The physical wall



H₂ molecule in a spheroidal box

LeSar & Herschbach, J. Phys. Chem 85, 2798 (1981)
Bond shortening - The physical wall



LeSar & Herschbach, J. Phys. Chem 85, 2798 (1981)

Bond shortening - The physical wall



















As P increases H-H intramolecular bonds

First strengthen and shorten ...

... then weaken and elongate

« Physical wall »

Orbital mixing

As P increases H-H intramolecular bonds

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Orbital mixing

Shortening and elongation observed numerically on periodic structural models for dense solid H

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Shortening and elongation observed numerically on periodic structural models for dense solid H What about strengthening and weakening ?

Badger's rule (bond strength related to bond length)

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Shortening and elongation observed numerically on periodic structural models for dense solid H What about strengthening and weakening ?

Badger's rule (bond strength related to bond length)

Use of topological tools

As P increases H-H intramolecular bonds

First strengthen and shorten ...

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« Physical wall »

Orbital mixing

Shortening and elongation observed numerically on periodic structural models for dense solid H What about strengthening and weakening ?

Badger's rule (bond strength related to bond length)

Use of topological tools

Relevance of a cluster model ? (easier to manipulate)

Which structural model for solid H2 under pressure ?



Drummond et al., Nature Communications 6, 7794 (2015)

Which structural model for solid H2 under pressure ?



Drummond et al., Nature Communications 6, 7794 (2015)

The $\ll 3 H_2 \gg \text{motif}$



Drummond et al., Nature Communications 6, 7794 (2015)





6 protons constrained to be on a ring of radius d



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Plotting $s = f(\rho)$



Reduced gradient density

Plotting $s = f(\rho)$





E. R. Johnson et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2010, 132, 6498.







0.30



E. R. Johnson et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2010, 132, 6498.





ρ (a.u.)



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Plotting $s = f(\rho)$



ρ (a.u.)







Riffet, Labet, Contreras-Garcia, PCCP, accepted





 $(\lambda_1 < \lambda_2 < \lambda_3)$

Riffet, Labet, Contreras-Garcia, PCCP, accepted







 λ_2 : eigenvalue of the ρ Hessian matrix $(\lambda_1 < \lambda_2 < \lambda_3 \,)$

 $\lambda_2 < 0$: attractive interaction $\lambda_2 > 0$: repulsive interaction





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Riffet, Labet, Contreras-Garcia, PCCP, accepted
NCI index – inventaire of the interactions



- 1. H-H intramolecular covalent bonds
- 2. Attractive intermolecular interaction (vdW)
- 3. Repulsive intermolecular interaction

Riffet, Labet, Contreras-Garcia, PCCP, accepted



 λ_2 : eigenvalue of the ρ Hessian matrix ($\lambda_1 < \lambda_2 < \lambda_3$)

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As d \searrow (models P \nearrow)

• Intermolecular interactions strengthen (both attractive and repulsive)





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- Intermolecular interactions strengthen (both attractive and repulsive)
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 - Strengthen (d > 1.25)
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At a given d, comparison of the electronic distribution

H₂ of the interacting system



H₂ of the interacting system Isolated from its neighbors



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H₂ of the interacting system

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Before complete polymerization



Riffet, Labet, Contreras-Garcia, PCCP, accepted

Before complete polymerization





ρ organizes like in an isolated molecule having the same length



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Prolate shape



Deformation to avoid intermol. regions

Prolate

shape





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ELF (0.95)



Prolate shape

Deformation to avoid intermol. regions



ELF (0.95)

Retreat in the intramol.region. Bonds are breaking.



ρ organizes like in an isolated molecule having the same length



Prolate shape

Deformation to avoid intermol. regions

H₂ longer than a normal mol.

 ρ_{BCP} smaller than in a « elongated » H_2 mol.

ρ reorganization: intra → inter



ELF (0.95)

Retreat in the intramol.region. Bonds are breaking.



ρ organizes like in an isolated molecule having the same length



Prolate shape

Deformation to avoid intermol. regions

Volume of interaction



Volume of interaction



Localizing these points in the 3D space allows defining the volume of interaction.

Volume of interaction

d(Å)

1.8

2.0

Dipolar attraction

2.2

Attractive
Repulsive

-A- Total

2.4

1.6

1.4

Repulsion

1.0

55

50

45

40 35

30

25 20 15

> 10 5

> > 0

Bond

form.

Volume (a.u.)

1.2



1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.4 r_s The global volume of interaction behaves like in a chemical reaction (maximum at the TS)

Localizing these points in the 3D space allows defining the volume of interaction.

Summary

Analysis of H-H distances :

- Coexistence of 2 phenomena having opposite effects on the H₂ bond length
 - Physical wall (H-H bonds shorter and stiffer)
 - Orbital mixing (H-H bonds longer and weaker)

Topological tools

As H₂ molecules are coming closer and closer

- Bond length adaptation + Electronic distribution adaptation
- 3 successive regimes: dipolar attraction, repulsion, bond formation
- Relevance of a very simple non periodic model to capture the essence of the P-induced phnomenon

After squeezing hydrogen in numerical experiments ...

... experiencing squeezed time

