

## Appendix A

<b>Park</b>	<b>Creation date</b>	<b>Renovation or extension date</b>	<b>Surface area</b>	<b>District</b>
Square Marigny	1840	1999	131.020 m <sup>2</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
Parc Monceau	1861		83.300 m <sup>2</sup>	8 <sup>th</sup>
Square du Temple	1857		7.965 m <sup>2</sup>	3 <sup>th</sup>
Jardin de Ranelagh	1860	1996	60.500 m <sup>2</sup>	16 <sup>th</sup>
Square des Batignolles	1862		16.615 m <sup>2</sup>	17 <sup>th</sup>
Parc des Buttes-Chaumont	1864	1967	247.316 m <sup>2</sup>	19 <sup>th</sup>
Parc Montsouris	1875		154.640 m <sup>2</sup>	14 <sup>th</sup>
Jardin des Serres d'Auteuil	1898	1954	60.471 m <sup>2</sup>	16 <sup>th</sup>
Square de la place de la Nation	1875		6.173 m <sup>2</sup>	11 <sup>th</sup>
Square Henri Galli	1925		2.000 m <sup>2</sup>	4 <sup>th</sup>
Square Louise Michel	1927	2004	25.488 m <sup>2</sup>	18 <sup>th</sup>
Parc Kellermann	1937	1951	55.581 m <sup>2</sup>	13 <sup>th</sup>
Square Parodi	1958	1972 and 1997	23.595 m <sup>2</sup>	16 <sup>th</sup>
Square Dalpayrat	1985	2008	9.898 m <sup>2</sup>	15 <sup>th</sup>
Parc de Belleville	1988		36.000 m <sup>2</sup>	20 <sup>th</sup>
Parc Georges Brassens	1982		87.293 m <sup>2</sup>	15 <sup>th</sup>
Parc André-Citroën	1986	2014	138.800 m <sup>2</sup>	15 <sup>th</sup>
Jardins d'Eole	2007		42.000 m <sup>2</sup>	18 <sup>th</sup>

**Table S1. Characteristics of the 18 Parisian parks included in this study.**

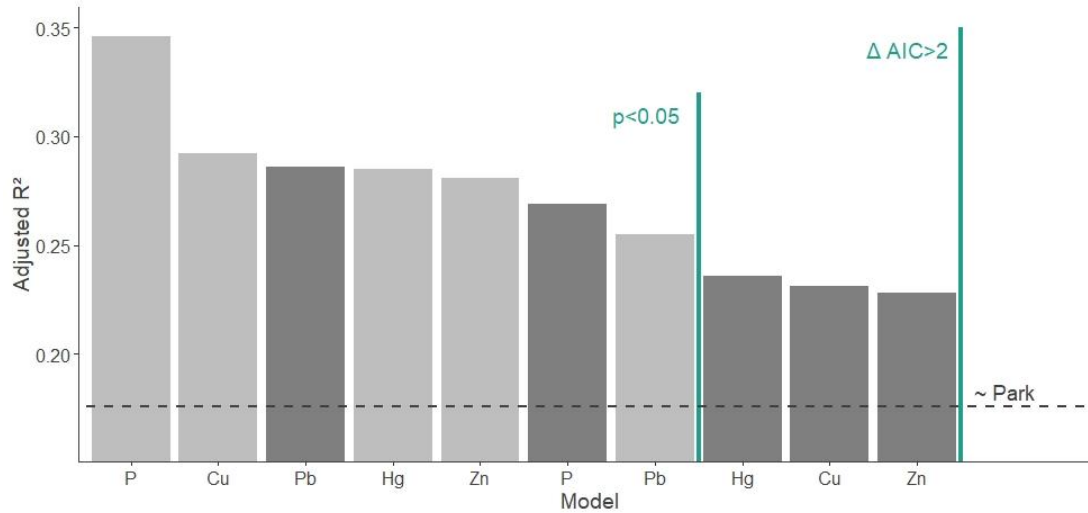
## Appendix B

**Table S2. Correlation between soil physico-chemical characteristics and dim1 in cluster analysis**

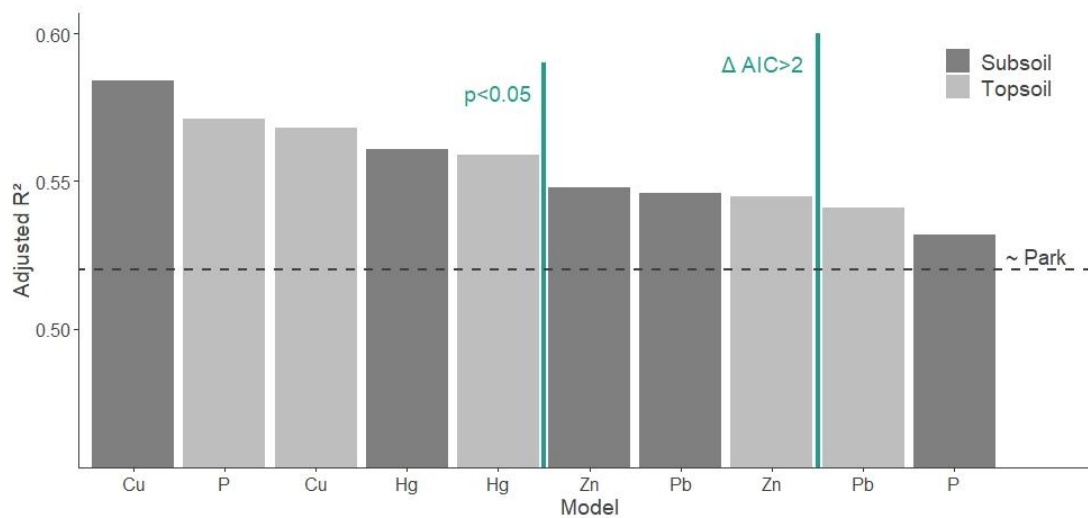
	Topsoils	Subsoils	
<b>Pb</b>	t=-26.69, P<0.001, r=-0.97	t=-14.39, P<0.001, r=-0.89	r >0.80
<b>Zn</b>	t=-21.35, P<0.001, r=-0.95	t=-18.63, P<0.001, r=-0.93	
<b>Hg</b>	t=-14.69, P<0.001, r=-0.90	t=-15.51, P<0.001, r=-0.91	
<b>Cd</b>	t=-13.30, P<0.001, r=-0.88	t=-11.34, P<0.001, r=-0.84	
<b>Cu</b>	t=-13.62, P<0.001, r=-0.88	t=-10.91, P<0.001, r=-0.83	
<b>SOM</b>	t=-10.94, P<0.001, r=-0.83	t=-10.40, P=0.022, r=-0.82	
<b>As</b>	t=-9.80, P<0.001, r=-0.81	t=-10.58, P<0.001, r=-0.83	
<b>ON</b>	t=-7.94, P<0.001, r=-0.74	t=-8.59, P<0.001, r=-0.77	r >0.50
<b>P</b>	t=-8.20, P<0.001, r=-0.75	t=-6.70, P<0.001, r=-0.68	
<b>CO<sub>3</sub></b>	t=-7.17, P<0.001, r=-0.70	t=-6.12, P<0.001, r=-0.65	
<b>Se</b>	t=-6.36, P<0.001, r=-0.66	t=-5.89, P<0.001, r=-0.66	
<b>C/N</b>	t=-6.21, P<0.001, r=-0.65	t=-4.34, P<0.001, r=-0.52	
<b>Ni</b>	t=-4.43, P<0.001, r=-0.52	t=-4.45, P<0.001, r=-0.52	
<b>Resistivity</b>	t=2.74, P=0.008, r=0.36	t=2.98, P=0.004, r=0.38	
<b>pH</b>	t=-0.85, P=0.407, r=-0.12	t=-0.76, P=0.468, r=-0.10	
<b>Cr</b>	t=0.23, P=0.819, r=0.03	t=-0.63, P=0.532, r=-0.09	

## Appendix C

(a)



(b)



**Figure S1. Best environmental variables explaining the abundance of adult and juvenile earthworms** – Adjusted regression coefficient  $R^2$  for each model with adult (a) or (b) juvenile abundance as dependent variable and one of the 10 chemical variable measured in the subsoil (in black) and topsoil (in grey) as explanatory variable. The park name was always added as categorical explanatory variable. We highlight the adjusted  $R^2$  of the model including only the park name as explanatory variable ( $R^2 = 0.171$  and  $R^2 = 0.520$ , respectively), as well as the models with an AIC at least two points lower than the model including the park name only ( $\Delta AIC > 2$ ), and in which the association between earthworm abundance and the chemical variable was significant ( $p$ -value  $< 0.05$ ).

P: available phosphorous, Cu: copper, Hg: Mercury, Zn: zinc, Pb: lead.

